

**Interface Terminal** 

# RT-3 UNIT RELAY/4-POINT TERMINAL ( PhotoMOS Power type )

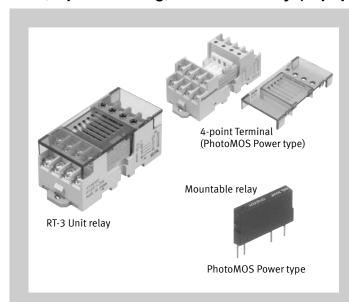
**Product Catalog** 

## IN Your Future



## RT-3 UNIT RELAY/4-POINT TERMINAL (PhotoMOS Power type)

### Slim, Space-saving, RT-3 Unit relay (Equipped with long-life PhotoMOS power type)



#### **FEATURES**

- Slim shape with width of 33 mm
- PhotoMOS Power type, for high reliability and long life, are installed.
- Can be mounted on a DIN rail or mounted directly by
- Equipped with an LED display to allow easy confirmation of operation.
- Possible to select a relay for use in the 4-point terminal in accordance with its load.

#### **TYPES**

#### ■RT-3 Unit relay

Contact	Type	Dated input valtage	Time No	Part No.	Standard packing	
arrangement	Туре	Rated input voltage	Type No.		Inner carton	Outer carton
1 Form A ×4	DC only (Equipped with AQZ102)	12 V DC	RT3SP1-12V	AY34001	- 1 pc.	20 pcs.
		24 V DC	RT3SP1-24V	AY34002		
	AC/DC dual use (Equipped with AQZ204)	12 V DC	RT3SP2-12V	AY35001		
		24 V DC	RT3SP2-24V	AY35002		

Notes: 1. Only for use with PhotoMOS Power type. Cannot be equipped with PA-N relays.

#### ■4-point Terminal

Type	Rated input voltage	Part No.	Standard packing	
туре	Rated input voltage	Fait NO.	Inner carton	Outer carton
PhotoMOS Power type	12 V DC	AY30001	1 no	20 nos
PhotoMOS Power type	24 V DC	AY30002	1 pc.	20 pcs.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Type No. " is ordering part number for non Japanese market. " Part No. " is ordering part number for Japanese market.

<sup>2.</sup> Please inquire other contact arrangement.

#### ■ Mountable relays for 4-point Terminal

(per relay, at 25°C, initial)

Mountable relays		Output				
Type Part No.		Max. load voltage	Recommended load voltage	Continuous load current	Peak load current	
	AQZ102	60 V DC	0 to 30 V DC	2.00 A	9.0 A	
PhotoMOS Power type	AQZ105	100 V DC	0 to 50 V DC	1.50 A	6.0 A	
(DC only)	AQZ107	200 V DC	0 to 100 V DC	0.70 A	3.0 A	
	AQZ104	400 V DC	0 to 200 V DC	0.40 A	1.5 A	
PhotoMOS Power type (AC/DC dual use)	AQZ202	60 V (peak)	0 to 12 V AC/0 to 30 V DC	1.80 A	9.0 A	
	AQZ205	100 V (peak)	0 to 24 V AC/0 to 50 V DC	1.20 A	6.0 A	
	AQZ207	200 V (peak)	0 to 48 V AC/0 to 100 V DC	0.60 A	3.0 A	
	AQZ204	400 V (peak)	0 to 125 V AC/0 to 200 V DC	0.30 A	1.5 A	
	AQZ404 (1 Form B type)	400 V (peak)	0 to 125 V AC/0 to 200 V DC	0.30 A	1.5 A	

Notes: 1. Peak load current is limited to "100 ms, 1 shot".

- During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown in the table above.
   Please use a load current that is within the range of the data given below in "REFERENCE DATA Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics".
- 4. Be very careful regarding the polarity on the output side when equipped with AQZ10\* (dedicated PhotoMOS power voltage sensitive DC type).
- 5. Never install relays into this product other than those given above. Doing so will cause malfunction, breakdown, and breakdown of the connected product.

#### RATING

#### ■Input rating (per relay)

Part No.	Rated input voltage	Operate voltage (at 25°C)	Release voltage (at 25°C)	Input current during application of rated input voltage (at 25°C)	Allowable variation of rated input voltage (at -20 to +55°C)
AY34001	12V DC	Max. 9.5 V DC	Min. 3.0 V DC	6.2 mA typ.	90 to 110% V of rated input voltage
AY35001	124 DC	(5.1 V typ.)	typ.) (5.0 V typ) 0.2 TIPA typ.	0.2 mA typ.	
AY34002	24V DC	Max. 15.0 V DC	Min. 3.5 V DC	6.7 mA typ.	
AY35002	24V DC	(6.8 V typ.)	(6.5 V typ.)	6.7 mA typ.	

Note: This product has a built-in input current limiting resistor; therefore, it is not necessary to externally connect a resistor to the input. The input voltage can be applied directly.

#### ■Output rating (per relay, at 25°C)

Part No.	Equipped relay	Max. load voltage	Recommended voltage	Continuous load current	Peak load currant
AY34001	AQZ102	60 V (DC)	0 to 30 V (DC)	2 A (DC)	9 A
AY34002	(DC only)	00 V (DC)	0 (0 30 V (DC)	2 A (DC)	(100 ms 1 shot)
AY35001	AQZ204	400 V	0 to 200 V (DC)	0.3 A	1.5 A
AY35002	(AC/DC dual use)	(DC, AC peak value)	0 to 125 V (AC)	(DC, AC peak value)	(100 ms 1 shot)

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Specifications	Conditions	
Dielectric	Between input and output	2,000 Vrms	for 1 min	
strength (initial)	Between different terminals (between relays, both ways)	1,500 Vrms	for 1 min	
Insulation resistance		Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)	Using 500 V DC megger	
Shock resistance	Destructive shock resistance	Min. 196 m/s <sup>2</sup>	In vertical, horizontal and longitudinal directions	
	Destructive vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm	In vertical, horizontal and longitudinal directions	
Use condition	Ambient temperature	-20 to +55°C	Avoid icing and condensation	
	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH	Avoid condensation	
	Storage temperature	-30 to +80°C	Avoid icing and condensation	
Terminal screw fasten torque		0.3 to 0.5 N·m (3 to 5 kgf·cm)		
Cross connection protecting diode		1 A, inverse voltage 400 V		
Unit weight		Approx. 100 g		

Notes: 1. Dielectric strength and insulation resistance are initial values.

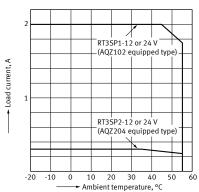
- 2. Condensing occurs when the unit relay is exposed to sudden temperature change in a high temperature and high humidity atmosphere. This may cause some troubles like insulation failure of the socket or the PC board. Take care under this condition.
- 3. Below 0°C, condensing water can freeze and cause socket contact failures and other problems. Take care under this condition.

Notes: 1. During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown in the table above.

2. The load current varies depending on ambient temperature. Refer to the "REFERENCE DATA Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics".

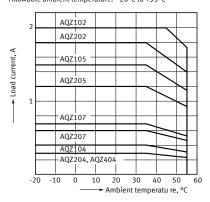
#### REFERENCE DATA

- 1-1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics
  - Allowable ambient temperature: −20°C to +55°C



1-2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -20°C to +55°C



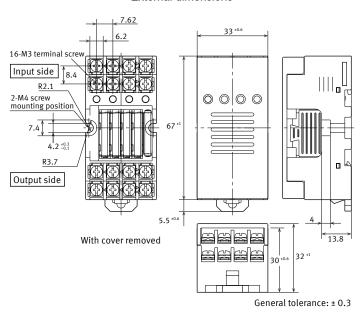
DIMENSIONS

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

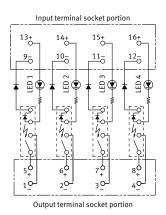
Unit: mm

CAD

#### External dimensions



#### Schematic



Note: The polarities of the output terminal socket are for the DC only type (equipped with AQZ 10\*)

#### Mounting hole pattern



#### **GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

■ For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

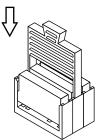
## **CAUTIONS FOR USE RT-3 UNIT RELAY 4-POINT TERMINAL**

- 1. Never install modules ( relays ) into this product other than those designated. Doing so will cause malfunction, breakdown, and breakdown of the connected product.
- 2. If a unit is dropped be sure to check its external appearance and characteristics before using it.
- 3. The operate and release voltage values when equipped with PA–Nrelays are based on the relay terminals being face down.

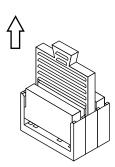
(RT-3Unit relay (PA-Ntype), 4-pointTerminal)

- 4. Switching lifetime (PA-Nrelay)
  - This characteristic depends on the relay and is effected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below
  - 1) When used for AC load–operating and the operating phase is synchronous, rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.
  - 2) Frequent switching under load condition When high frequently switched under load condition that can cause arc at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO<sub>3</sub> is formed. This can corrode metal materials. Three countermeasures for these are listed here.
    - (1) Incorporate an arc–extinguishingcircuit.
    - (2) Lower the operating frequency
    - (3) Lower the ambient humidity
- 5. Operating environment
  - Keep the product as far way as possible from power cables, high tension equipment, power equipment, equipment with transmitting devices such as amateur radios, or equipment which generates a large switching surge.
  - 2 ) The main unit is made of resin; therefore, do not use it in areas where it may come in contact with ( or be exposed to ) organic solvents such as gasoline, thinner, and alcohol, or strong alkaline substances such as ammonia and caustic soda.
  - 3 ) Do not use the product in areas where it may be exposed to flammable gases, corrosive gases, excessive dust, or moisture, or areas where it may be subjected to strong vibration or shock.

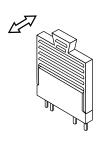
- 6. Installing and removing the module
  - Firmly insert the module into the socket with the terminals going in the direction of the blade receptacles.
  - 2) The module can be easily removed using the removal key (APA801). The removal key (APA801) is included in 4-pointUnit Relay and 4-pointTerminal. If you lose it, you can purchase APA801 separately as accessories.
    - ① Insert the removal key (APA801) into the socket slots.



② Pull the removal key (APA801) up to remove the module.



③ Slide the removal key (APA801) off of the module.



- 7. Wiring and circuit configuration
  - 1 ) Perform wiring according to the internal schematic. Take care not to make any mistakes. In particular, with the RT–3Unit relay ( PA–Nrelay type ) and 4–point terminal, be careful of the polarity on the output side when equipped with AQZ10\*D ( DC type ). Also, with the RT–3Unit relay ( PhotoMOS Power type ), be careful of the polarity on the output side of the DC type ( RT3SP1–\*\*Vfor type equipped with AQZ102 ).
  - 2 ) We recommend the use of wirepressed terminals for connection to the terminal portion.

#### Example of applicable wire-pressed terminal

Company Name	Part Name	Applicable wirepressed terminal
J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.	1.25 to C3A	0.25 to 1.65 mm <sup>2</sup>

3 ) When the load is inductive, limit spike voltages generated from the load to less than the maximum load voltage.

Typical circuits are shown below.

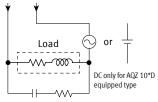
① Add a clamp diode to the load.





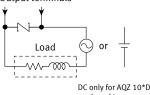
2 Add an R-Csnubber to the load.

#### Output terminals



3 Add a varistor between the output terminals.

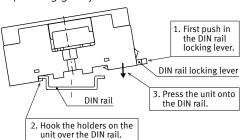
#### Output terminals



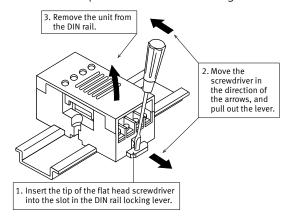
4 ) Even if spike voltages generated from the load are limited by a clamp diode or R–Csnubber, inductances in long circuit wires will still create spike voltages. Keep wires as short as possible to minimize inductance.

#### 8. Installation

- 1 ) Perform mounting hole cutout according to the panel cutout drawings.
- 2 ) When installing the unit on a DIN rail, use the DIN rail locking lever on the side of the unit. Installation is accomplished by simply fitting the unit onto the rail and pressing gently.



3 ) To remove the unit from the DIN rail, use a flat head screwdriver to pull out the DIN rail locking lever.

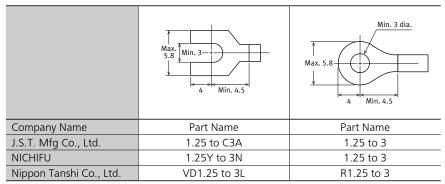


- 9. Transporting and storage
  - 1) If the product is subjected to extreme vibration while being transported, the relays may become detached, the lead may become bent, and the unit may become damaged. Handle the carton and case with care.
  - 2 ) If the product is stored in an extremely adverse environment, visible defects and deterioration of performance characteristics may result. We recommend the following storage conditions.
    - Temperature: 5 to 30 ℃
    - · Humidity: Max. 60 % R.H.
    - Environment: No hazardous substances such as sulfurous acid gases and little dust.
- 10. When equipped with PhotoMOS Power voltage drive type [RT–3Unit relay (PA–Nrelay type), 4–pointTerminal] Since the PhotoMOS Power voltage sensitive type does not require the current–controllingresistance on the input side, it can be used together with PA–Nrelays on RT–3unit relay (PA–Nrelay type). When connecting PhotoMOS Power voltage sensitive types, since it will be a close connection, it will be necessary to be careful of load currents. Be sure to refer to the information given regarding "Load currents vs ambient temperature characteristics" in the precautions given for use of 4–pointterminals.

#### TERMINAL BLOCK

We recommend using wire-pressedterminals for connection to the terminal portion.

- Applicable electrical wire 0.25 to 1.65 mm²
- Applicable wire-pressed terminals ( mm )



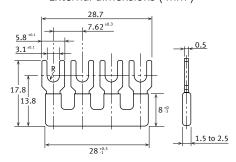
#### ACCESSORIES

■ Short circuit plate for RT-3 Unit relay Use when you want to bridge terminals.





External dimensions ( mm )

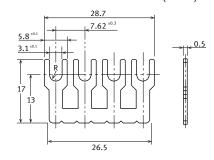


General tolerance: ± 0.5

#### ⟨ Without insulator ⟩



External dimensions ( mm )



General tolerance: ±0.5

