

Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP12

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit

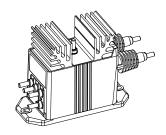


| Ele | ectrical data | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| V_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS v | /oltage | 20 | 000 | V |
| V_{PM} | Primary voltage, measu | ıring range | 0 | ±300 | 00 V |
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS of | current | 5 | | mA |
| R_{M} | Measuring resistance | | R_{\bullet} | _{M min} R | M max |
| 141 | with ±15 V | @ ±2000 V max | 0 | | 210 Ω |
| | | @ ±3000 V max | 0 | 1 | 25 Ω |
| | with ±24 V | @ ±2000 V _{max} | 0 | 4 | -10 Ω |
| | | @ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{max}$ | 11 | 0 2 | 250 Ω |
| I_{SN} | Secondary nominal RM | IS current | | 5 | i0 mA |
| K_{N} | Conversion ratio | | 20 | 000 V : 5 | 50 mA |
| $U_{\rm c}$ | Supply voltage (±5 %) | | ±′ | 15 24 | V |
| I_{C} | Current consumption | | < | 37 (@ ± | :24 V) + I _S mA |

| | Accuracy - Dynamic performance data | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------|------|----|
| X | Accuracy @ V_{PN} , $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ±0.9 | | % |
| $\varepsilon_{_{\mathrm{I}}}$ | Linearity error | < 0.1 | | % |
| | - | Тур | Max | |
| I_{c} | Offset current @ $V_P = 0$, $T_A = 25 °C$ | | ±0.2 | mA |
| I_{c} | Temperature variation of I_0 = -25 °C +70 °C | ±0.3 | ±0.6 | mA |
| | −40 °C +85 °C | ±0.4 | ±1.0 | mA |
| t. | Step response time to 90 % of $V_{\rm RM}$ | 60 | | μs |

| +85 °C |
|-------------|
| +95 °C |
| 00 : 2000 |
| W |
| kΩ |
| Ω |
| g |
| 50155: 1995 |
| (|

$V_{PN} = 2000 \text{ V}$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated)
 voltage transducer using the Hall
 effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor incorporated within the housing.

Special features

- $U_{\rm C}$ = ±15 ... 24 (±5 %) V
- $T_A = -40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +85 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- $U_d = 12 \text{ kV}^{-1}$
- Connection to primary circuit by extra-long threaded studs
- Shield between primary and secondary
- Connection to primary and secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application domain

• Traction.

General data



Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP12

| Insulation coordination | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------|--|--|
| U_{d} | RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 12 ¹⁾ 1 ²⁾ Min | kV kV | | |
| $d_{Cp} \ d_{Cl} \ CTI$ | Creepage distance Clearance Comparative tracking index (group I) | 164.8 47.1 600 | mm mm | | |

Notes: 1) Between primary and secondary + shield + heatsink

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

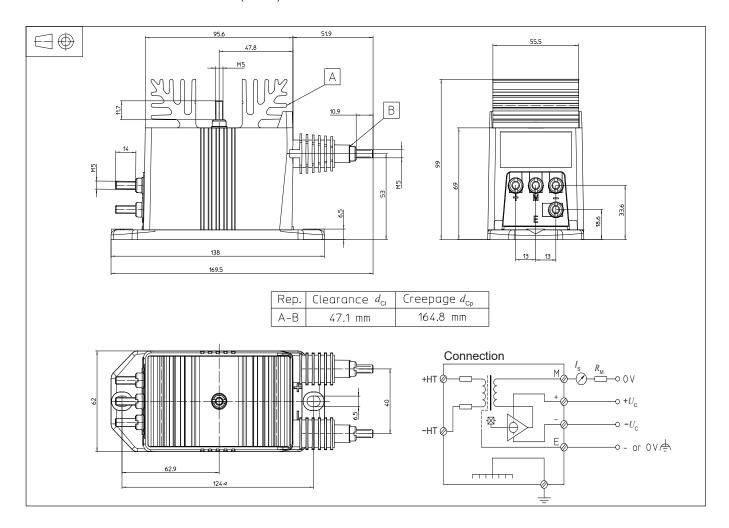
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

²⁾ Between shield and secondary.



Dimensions LV 100-2000/SP12 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

- Connection of primary Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection of secondary Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection to the ground
- Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

- ±0.3 mm
- 2 holes Ø 6.5 mm
- 2 M6 steel screws
- 5 N·m
- 2 M5 threaded studs
- 4 M5 threaded studs
- M5 threaded stud

Remarks

- $\bullet \ \ I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $V_{\rm P}$ is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.