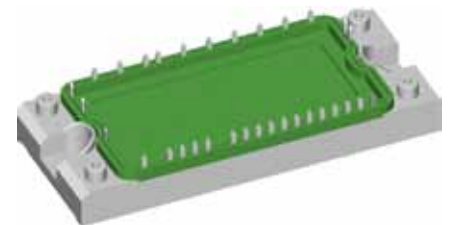
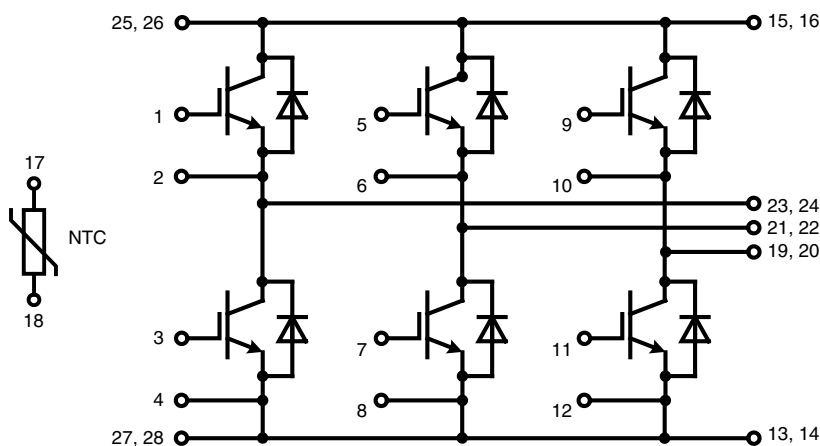


# Six-Pack Trench IGBT

$I_{C25} = 80\text{ A}$   
 $V_{CES} = 1200\text{ V}$   
 $V_{CE(sat) \text{ typ.}} = 1.7\text{ V}$

**Part name** (Marking on product)

MWI 50-12T7T



E72873

Pin configuration see outlines.

**Features:**

- Trench IGBT technology
- low saturation voltage
- low switching losses
- square RBSOA, no latch up
- high short circuit capability
- positive temperature coefficient for easy parallelling
- MOS input, voltage controlled
- ultra fast free wheeling diodes
- solderable pins for PCB mounting
- package with copper base plate

**Application:**

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies

**Package:**

- "E2-Pack" standard outline
- Insulated copper base plate
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Temperature sense included

**Output Inverter T1 - T6**

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
$V_{CES}$	collector emitter voltage		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1200	V	
$V_{GES}$	max. DC gate voltage	continuous			$\pm 20$	V	
$V_{GEM}$	max. transient collector gate voltage	transient			$\pm 30$	V	
$I_{C25}$	collector current		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		80	A	
$I_{C80}$			$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$		50	A	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		270	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ on chip level	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.7 2.0	2.15	V V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
$I_{CES}$	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		2	2	mA mA
$I_{GES}$	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			400	nA	
$C_{ies}$	input capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$			3500	pF	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; I_C = 50\text{ A}$			470	nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; I_C = 50\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 18\ \Omega$ $L_S = 70\text{ nH}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		90	ns	
$t_r$	current rise time				50	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time				520	ns	
$t_f$	current fall time				90	ns	
$E_{on}$	turn-on energy per pulse				5	mJ	
$E_{off}$	turn-off energy per pulse				6.5	mJ	
<b>RBSOA</b>	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 18\ \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CEK} = 1150\text{ V}$		100	A	
<b>SCSOA</b>	short circuit safe operating area		$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		10	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{SC}$	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 900\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$ $R_G = 18\ \Omega; \text{non-repetitive}$			200	A	
$I_{SC}$	short circuit current						
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case	(per IGBT)			0.46	K/W	

**Output Inverter D1 - D6**

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse voltage		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1200	V
$I_{F25}$	forward current		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		85	A
$I_{F80}$			$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$		57	A
$V_F$	forward voltage	$I_F = 60\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.95 1.95	2.2	V V
$Q_{rr}$	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600\text{ V}$ $di_F/dt = -1200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_F = 60\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		8	$\mu\text{C}$
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current				60	A
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time				350	ns
$E_{rec}$	reverse recovery energy				2.5	mJ
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case	(per diode)			0.6	K/W

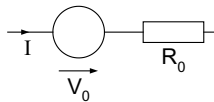
 $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated

**Temperature Sensor NTC**

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$R_{25}$	resistance	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	k $\Omega$
$B_{25/50}$				3375		K

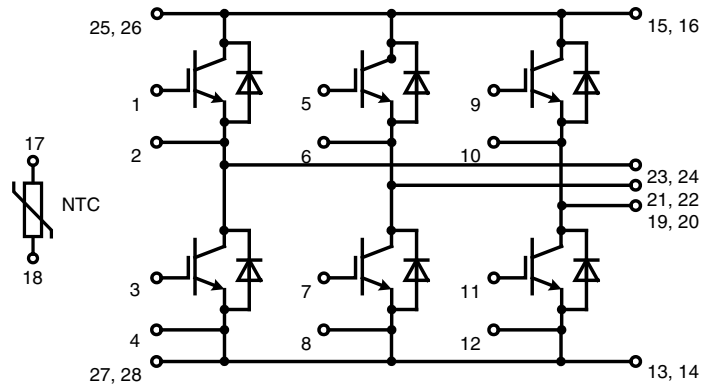
**Module**

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$T_{VJ}$	operating temperature		-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{VJM}$	max. virtual junction temperature				150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}; 50/60 \text{ Hz}$			2500	V~
CTI	comparative tracking index				200	
$M_d$	mounting torque (M5)		2.7		3.3	Nm
$d_S$	creep distance on surface		6			mm
$d_A$	strike distance through air		6			mm
$R_{pin-chip}$	resistance pin to chip			5		m $\Omega$
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink	with heatsink compound		0.02		K/W
Weight				180		g

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

**Ratings**

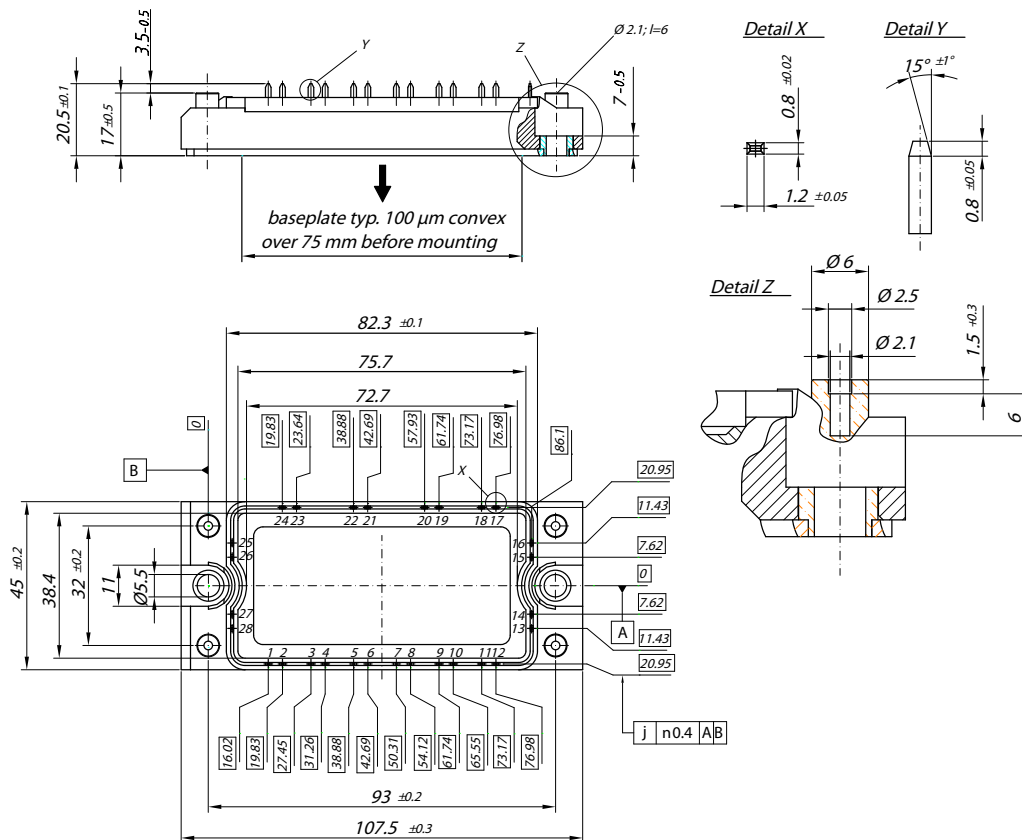
Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_0$ $R_0$	IGBT	T1 - T6	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.0 20		V m $\Omega$
$V_0$ $R_0$	Diode	D1 - D6	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.1 14.2		V m $\Omega$

## Circuit Diagram

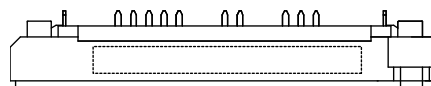


## Outline Drawing

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



## Product Marking



Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Ordering Code
Standard	MWI 50-12T7T	MWI50-12T7T	Box	6	501972

## Inverter T1 - T6

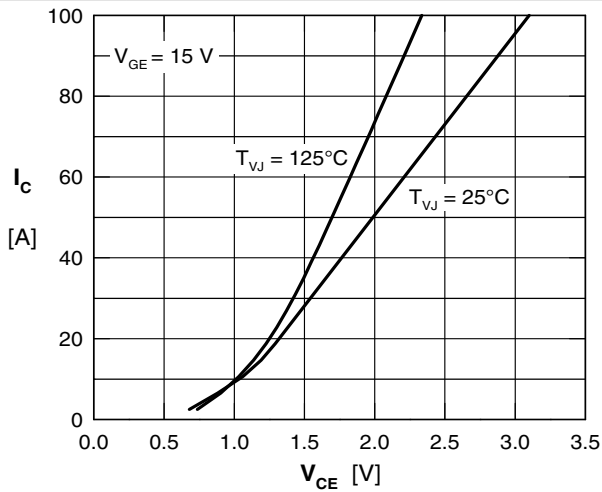


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

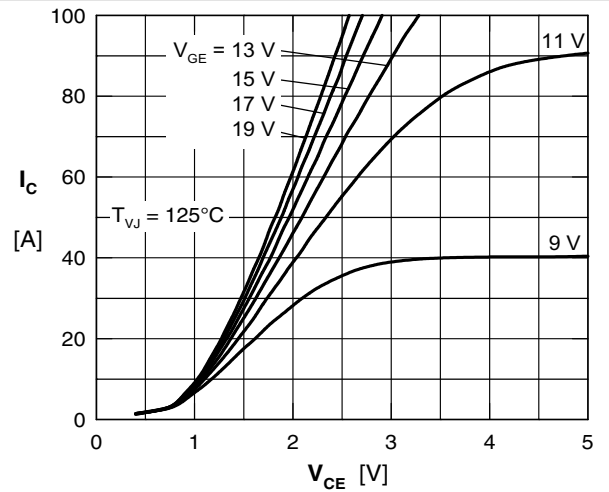


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

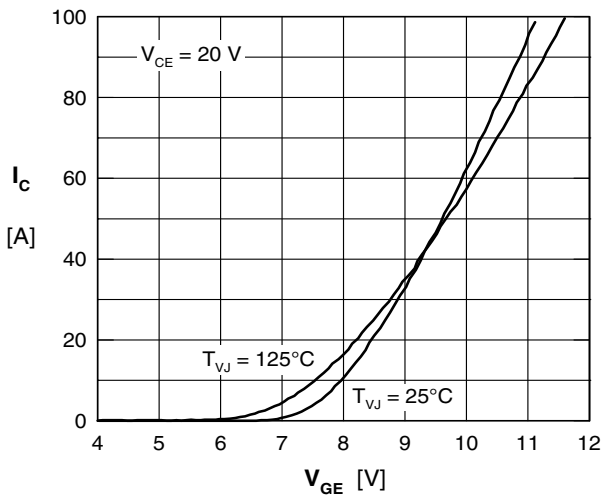


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

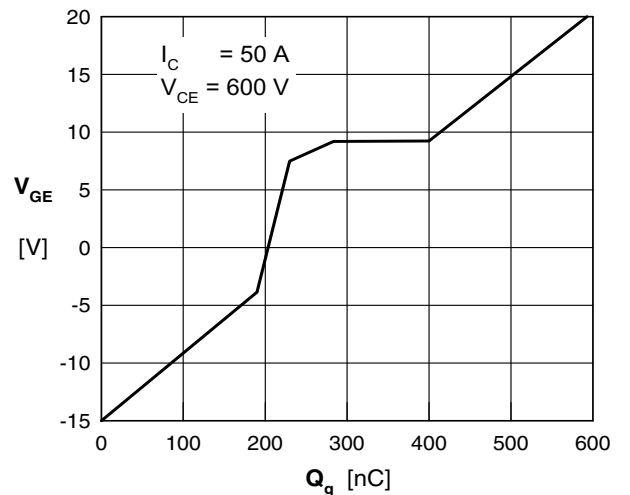


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

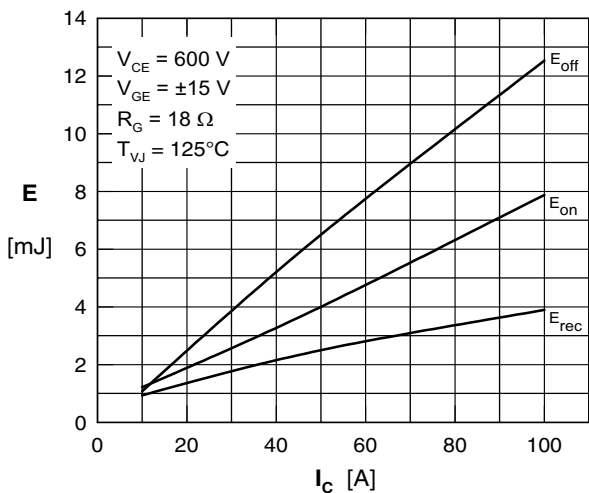


Fig. 5 Typical switching losses versus collector current impedance

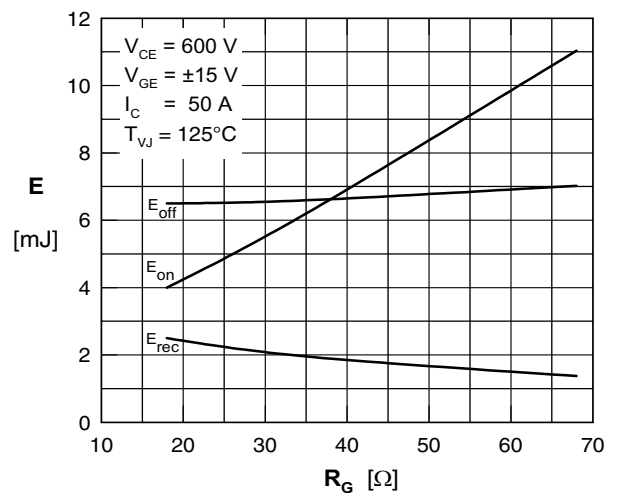


Fig. 6 Typical switching losses versus gate resistance

## Inverter T1 - T6

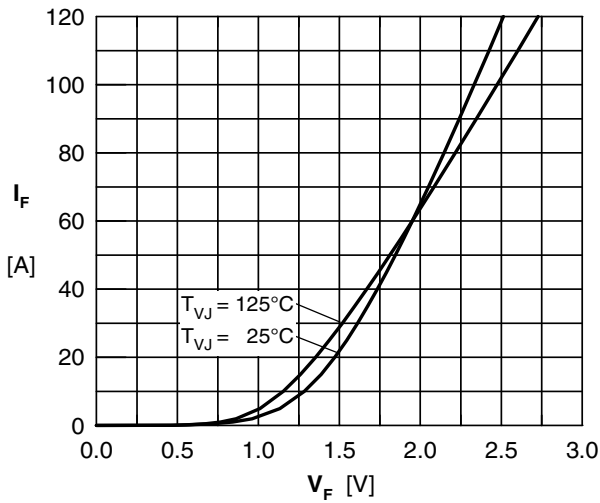


Fig. 7 Typ. Forward current versus  $V_F$

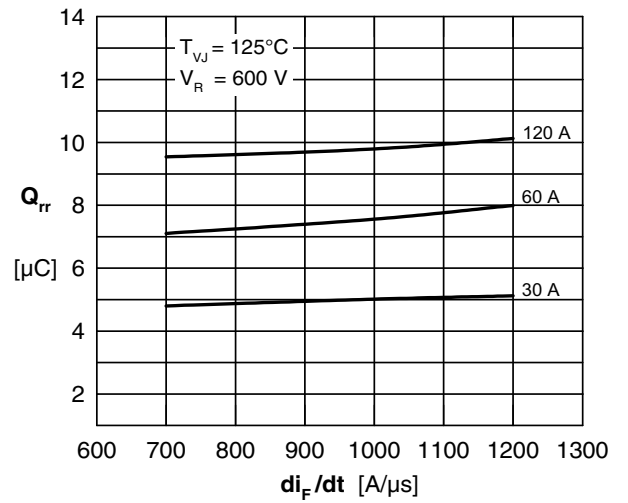


Fig. 8 Typ. reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs.  $di/dt$

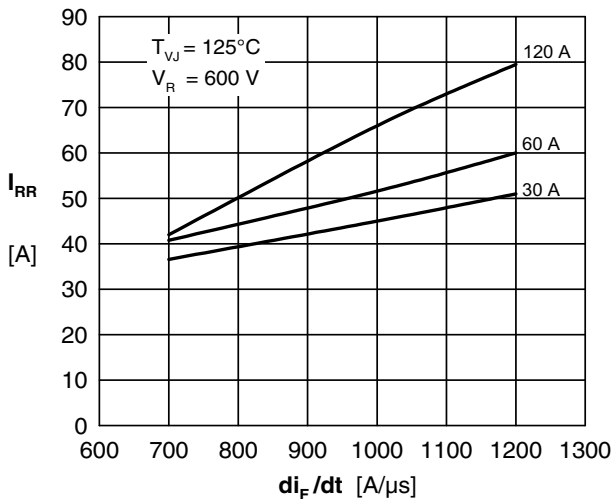


Fig. 9 Typ. peak reverse current  $I_{RM}$  vs.  $di/dt$

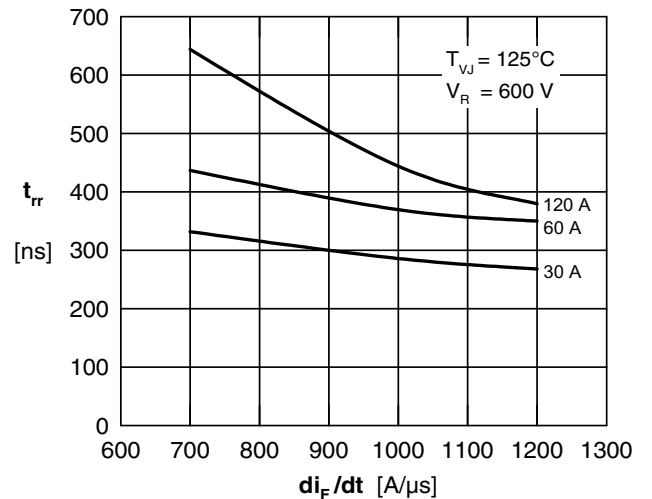


Fig. 10 Typ. recovery time  $t_{rr}$  versus  $di/dt$

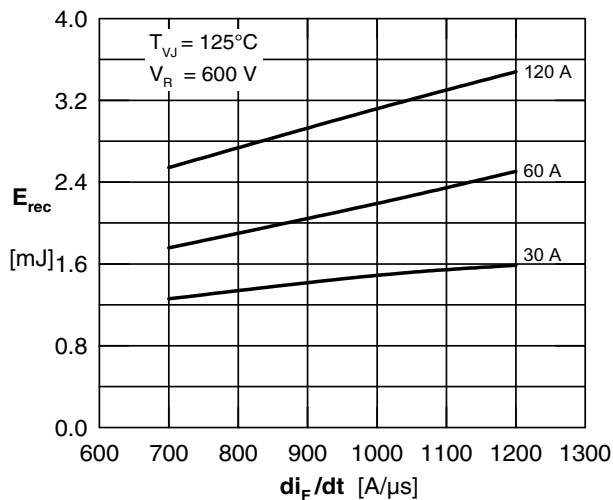


Fig. 11 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  versus  $di/dt$

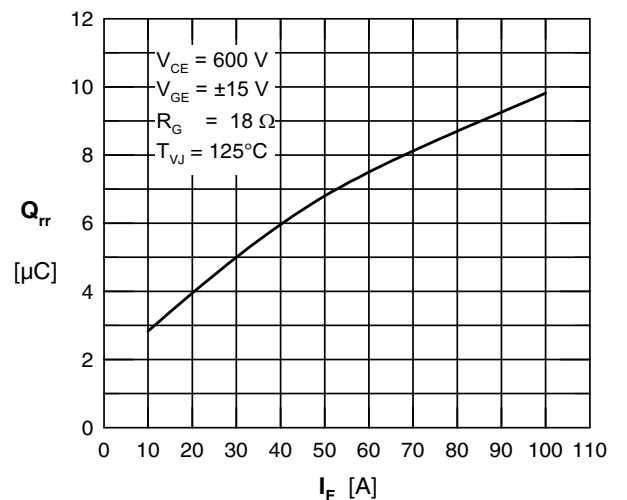


Fig. 12 Typ. reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  versus  $I_F$

**NTC** **Module**

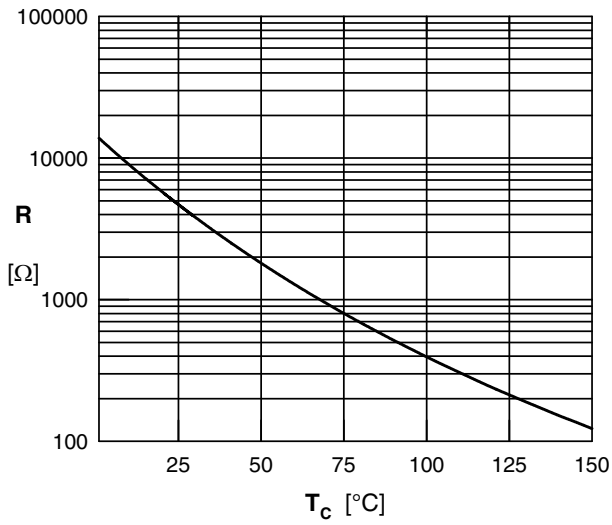


Fig. 13 Typ. NTC resistance vs. temperature

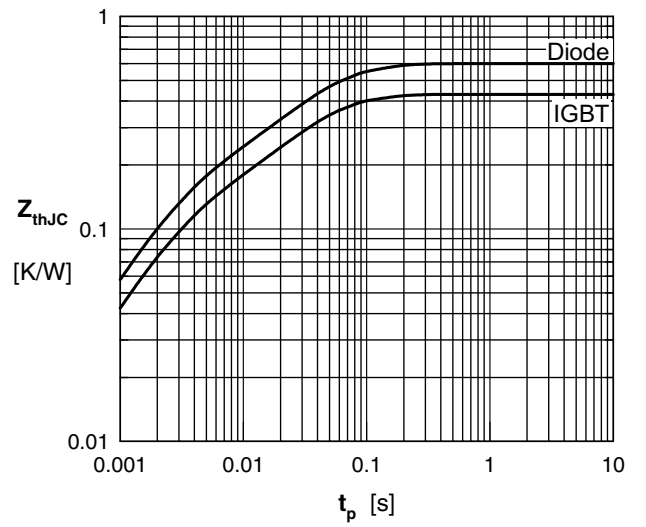


Fig. 14 Typ. transient thermal impedance