# **TRIDONIC**

## Driver LCI 35W 350/500/1050mA TEC C

advanced series



# Product description

- \_ Fixed output built-in LED driver
- \_ Constant current LED driver
- \_ Output current 350, 500, 700 or 1,050 mA
- \_ Max. output power 35 W
- \_ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- $\underline{\ }$  For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- \_ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- \_ 5 years guarantee (conditions at

https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

## **Housing properties**

- \_ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- \_ Type of protection IP20

#### **Functions**

- \_ Overtemperature protection
- \_ Overload protection
- \_ Short-circuit protection
- \_ No-load protection

#### Website

http://www.tridonic.com/87500192











Linear





www.tridonic.com



Free-standing





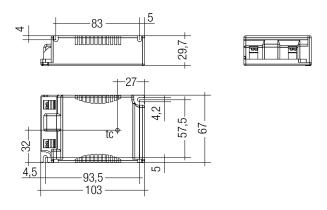




# **TRIDONIC**

# Driver LCI 35W 350/500/1050mA TEC C

advanced series



## Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LCI 35W 350mA TEC C	87500192	15 pc(s).	345 pc(s).	2,760 pc(s).	0.126 kg
LCI 35W 500mA TEC C	87500194	15 pc(s).	345 pc(s).	2,760 pc(s).	0.127 kg

## **Technical data**

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz)	0.17 A
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	300 V AC, 1 h
Max. input power	41.5 W
Output power	35 W
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
Output current tolerance ®	± 7.5 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.7 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.7 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Type of protection	IP20
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	103 x 67 x 29.7 mm

# Approval marks



## Standards

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547, EN 62384

# Specific technical data

Туре	Output current <sup>©</sup>	Typ. power consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	λ at full load	Efficiency at full load	λ over full operating range (min.)	Efficiency at min. load	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U- OUT)	Max. peak output current at full load	Max. peak output current at min. load	Typ. current ripple (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load	Max. casing temperature tc
LCI 35W 350mA TEC C	350 mA	38.5 W	0.98	90 %	0.95	88.5 %	50 V	100 V	115 V	630 mA	850 mA	± 25 %	75 °C
LCI 35W 500mA TEC C	500 mA	38.5 W	0.98	90 %	0.95	88.0 %	35 V	70 V	85 V	800 mA	1,120 mA	± 25 %	80 °C

① Output current is mean value.

<sup>2</sup> Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$  The trend between min. and full load is linear.

#### **Standards**

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 62384

#### Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED Driver reduces the LED output current. After elimination of the overload the nominal operation is restored automatically.

## Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current is reduced to limit to at a certain level. The temperature protection is activated typically at 8  $^{\circ}$ C above to max.

#### Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED Driver switches into hic-cup mode. After the removal of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

#### No-load operation

The LED Driver works in constant voltage mode. In no-load operation the output voltage will not exceed the specified max. output voltage (see page 1).

#### Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against  $4.0\ kV$  surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

#### **Expected life-time**

Type	ta	40 °C	50 °C	60°C
LCI 35W 350 mA TEC C	tc	65°C	75 <i>°</i> C	X
ECI 35W 350 IIIA TEC C	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h	X
LCI 35W 500 mA TEC C	tc	70 °C	75℃	X
Let 35W 500 IIIA TEC C	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h	X
LCI 35W 700 mA TEC C	tc	70 °C	80°C	X
ECI 35W 700 IIIA TEC C	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h	X
LCI 35W 1.050 mA TEC C	tc	70 °C	80°C	X
LCI JJII 1,030 IIIA I LC C	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h	X

#### Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 60 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

#### Glow wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

#### Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

#### Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED Drivers are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

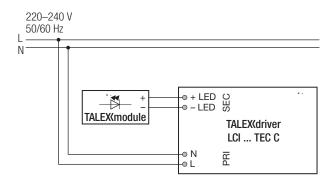
## Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	Inrush current	
breaker type											
Installation Ø	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	Imax	Time	
LCI 35W 350mA TEC C	40	60	80	100	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs	
LCI 35W 500mA TEC C	40	60	80	100	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs	
LCI 35W 700mA TEC C	40	60	80	100	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs	
LCI 35W 1050mA TEC C	40	60	80	100	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs	

## Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCI 35W 350mA TEC C	20	6	3	2	2	2
LCI 35W 500mA TEC C	20	8	3	2	2	2
LCI 35W 700mA TEC C	20	9	3	3	2	2
LCI 35W 1050mA TEC C	20	10	4	3	2	2

### Wiring diagram



## Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V  $_{\rm DC}$  for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least  $2 M\Omega$ .

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V  $_{AC}$  (or 1.414 x 1500 V  $_{DC}$ ). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

## Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED Driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

## Additional information

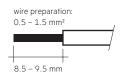
Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> → Technical Data

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.

#### Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be stranded wires with ferrules or rigid wires with a cross section of  $0.5-1.5\ \text{mm}^2$ .

Strip 8.5 - 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250).

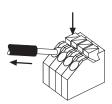


#### Wiring instructions

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- The maximum length of output wires is 2 m.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

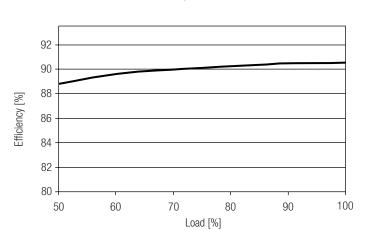
#### Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

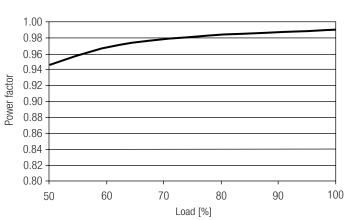


# Diagrams LCI 35W 350mA TEC C

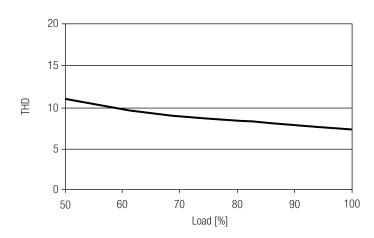




Power factor vs load

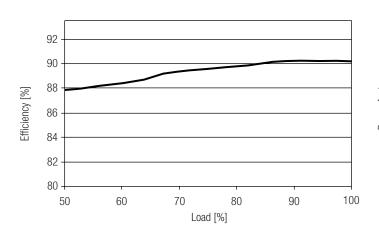


THD vs load

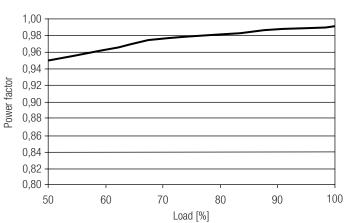


# Diagrams LCI 35W 500mA TEC C

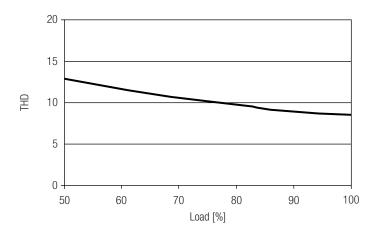
Efficiency vs load



Power factor vs load

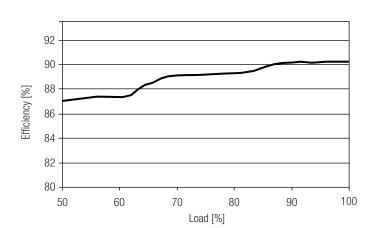


THD vs load

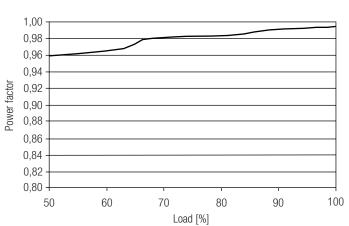


# Diagrams LCI 35W 700mA TEC C

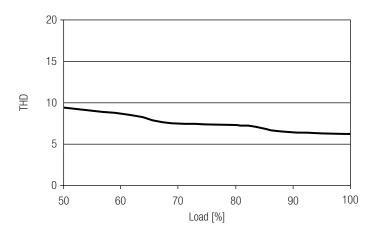
Efficiency vs load



Power factor vs load

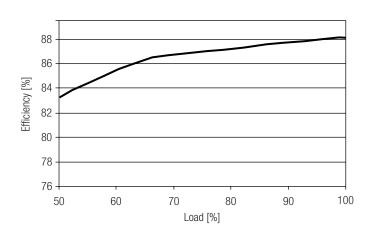


THD vs load

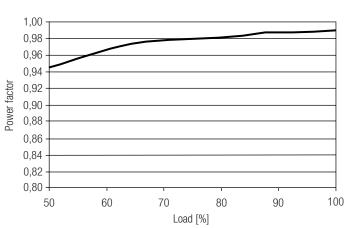


# Diagrams LCI 35W 1,050mA TEC C

Efficiency vs load



Power factor vs load



THD vs load

