

Current Transducer HTC 250..4000-S/SP4

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).







I_{PN DC}= **250..4000A**



Primary continuous Primary current

Primary continuous	Primary current	туре
direct current (nominal)	measuring range	
I _{PN DC} (A)	$I_{PM}(A)$	
250	± 275	HTC 250-S/SP4
300	± 330	HTC 300-S/SP4
500	± 550	HTC 500-S/SP4
1000	± 1100	HTC 1000-S/SP4
1500	± 1650	HTC 1500-S/SP4
2000	± 2200	HTC 2000-S/SP4
2500	± 2750	HTC 2500-S/SP4
3000	± 3300	HTC 3000-S/SP4
4000	± 4400	HTC 4000-S/SP4

Typo

Supply voltage (± 3 %)	± 15	V
Current consumption	< ± 20	mΑ
Insulation resistance @ 500 VDC	> 500	$M\Omega$
Output voltage (Analog)@ $\pm I_{PNDC}$, $R_I = 2k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	± 10	V
Output internal resistance	< 100	Ω
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz,1min	2.5	kV
Load resistance	≥ 2	$k\Omega$
	Current consumption Insulation resistance @ 500 VDC Output voltage (Analog)@ \pm I _{PN DC} , \mathbf{R}_{L} = 2k Ω , \mathbf{T}_{A} =25°C Output internal resistance Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz,1min	Current consumption $<\pm 20$ Insulation resistance @ 500 VDC >500 Output voltage (Analog)@ \pm I _{PN DC} , \mathbf{R}_L = 2k Ω , \mathbf{T}_A =25°C ± 10 Output internal resistance <100 Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz,1min 2.5

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

\mathbf{X} $\mathbf{\mathcal{E}}_{L}$ \mathbf{V}_{OE}	Accuracy @ $I_{PN DC}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	< ± 1	% of I _{PN DC}
	Linearity error $(0 \pm I_{PN DC})$	< ± 1	% of I _{PN DC}
	Eletrical offset voltage @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	< ± 30	mV
V _{OH}	Hysteresis offset voltage \textcircled{d} $I_p = 0$, after an excursion of 1 x $I_{PN DC}$	< ± 50	mV
	Temperature coefficient of \mathbf{V}_{OE}	< ± 1.0	mV/K
	Temperature coefficient of \mathbf{V}_{OUT}	≤ ± 0.1	%/K
t _r BW	Response time to 90% of $I_{PN DC}$ step @di/dt = 100A/µs Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB)		μs kHz

General data

T _A	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 85 - 40 + 85	°C
m	Mass Standard	450 EN 50155: 2007	g

Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic insulation between primary and secondary circuit
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0

Special feature

Pbf RoHS

Advantages

- Easy installation
- Compact
- High immunity to external interference
- Low power consumption

Applications

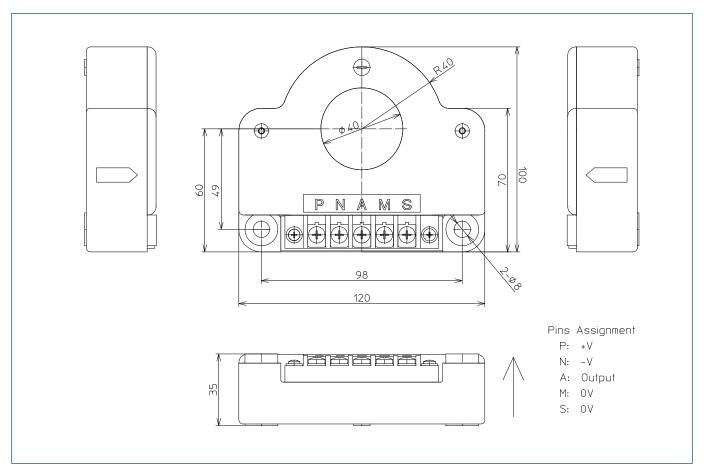
- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

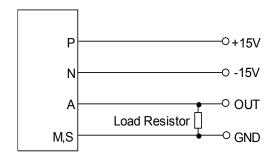
Traction



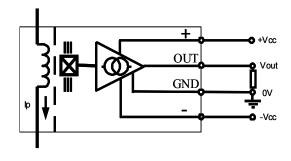
Dimensions HTC 250..4000-S/SP4 (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Connection circuit



Operation principle



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance ± 1.0 mm
 Recommended fastening torque 2.6 ± 0.52 Nm

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

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