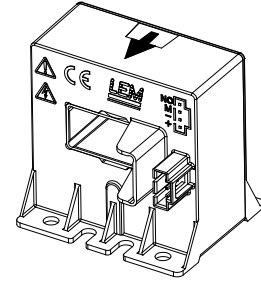


Current Transducer LAC 300-S/SP1

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$$I_{PN} = 300 \text{ A}$$



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal rms current @ 70 °C	300	A
I_{PN}	Primary nominal rms current @ 85 °C	200	A
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range @ 70 °C	0 .. ± 700	A
R_M	Measuring resistance @ $T_A = 85$ °C with ± 15 V @ ± 700 A _{max}	$R_{M \min}$ $R_{M \max}$ 0 5	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal rms current	150	mA
K_N	Conversion ratio	1 : 2000	
U_C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)	± 15	V
I_C	Current consumption	25 + I_S	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X_G	Overall accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25$ °C	± 0.9	%
ϵ_L	Linearity error	< 0.1	%
I_O	Offset current @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25$ °C	Typ Max ± 0.30	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current @ $I_P = 0$ and specified R_M , after an overload of 3 x I_{PN}	± 0.30	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O - 40 °C .. + 85 °C	± 0.2 ± 0.50	mA
t_r	Step response time to 90 % of I_{PN}	< 1	µs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB)	DC .. 50	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 .. + 85	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 45 .. + 90	°C
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 85$ °C	33	Ω
m	Mass	137	g
	Standards	EN 50155: 2001 UL 508: 2010	

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $I_{PN} = 300 \text{ A @ } 70 \text{ °C}$
- $I_{PN} = 200 \text{ A @ } 85 \text{ °C}$
- $I_{PM} = 0 \text{ .. } \pm 700 \text{ A @ } 70 \text{ °C}$
- $K_N = 1 : 2000$.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- Single or three phases inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application Domain

- Traction.

Current Transducer LAC 300-S/SP1

Insulation coordination

U_d	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	5.5 Min	kV
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	21.2	mm
d_{Cl}	Clearance	11.2	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

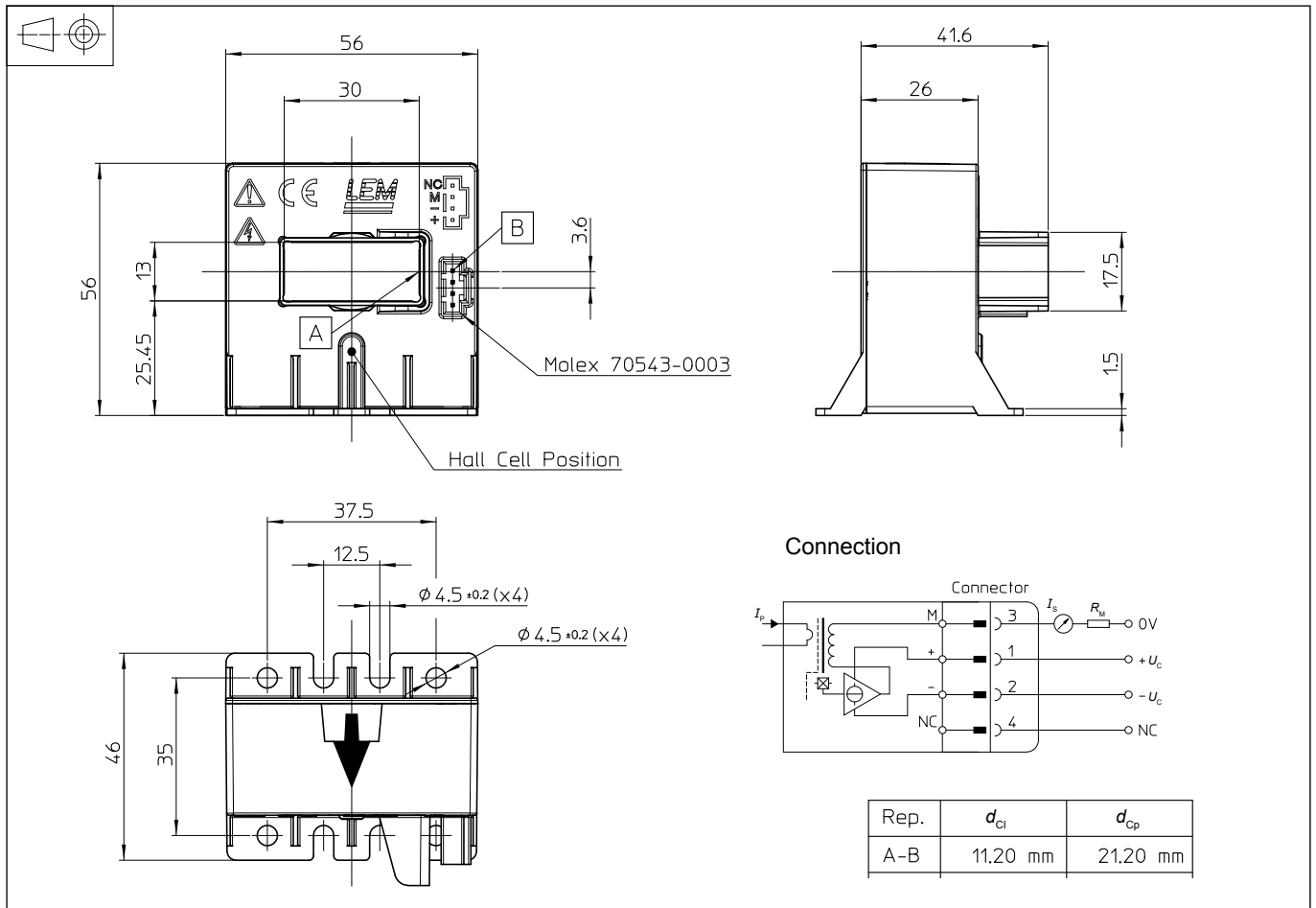
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LAC 300-S/SP1 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
 - 4 holes $\phi 4.5$ mm
 - 4 M4 steel screws
- Recommended fastening torque
 - 2.9 N·m
- or
 - 4 slots $\phi 4.5$ mm
 - 4 M4 steel screws
- Recommended fastening torque
 - 2.9 N·m
- Primary through-hole
 - 13 × 30 mm
- Connection of secondary
 - Molex serie 70543-0003

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: [Products/Product Documentation](#).
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.