

Power relays (Over 2A) JV-N RELAYS

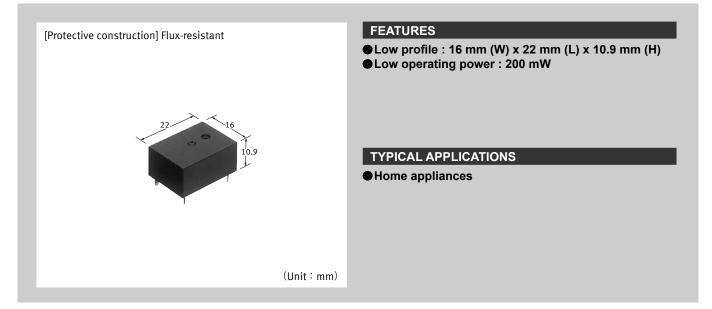
Product Catalog



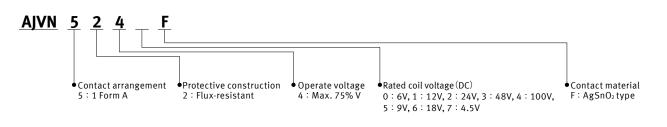
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JV-N RELAYS

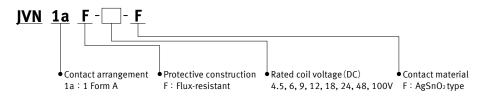
1 Form A 16 A, low profile : 10.9 mm power relays for heater control



ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO. : Ordering part number for Japanese market)



ORDERING INFORMATION (TYPE NO. : Ordering part number for non Japanese market)



TYPES

" Type No. " is ordering part number for non Japanese market. " Part No. " is ordering part number for Japanese market.

PC board terminal

Carton

Batad apil veltage	Rated coil voltage Type No. Part No.	Dart No.	Standard packing	
Rated coil voltage	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
4.5 V DC	JVN1aF-4.5V-F	AJVN5247F		
6 V DC	JVN1aF-6V-F	AJVN5240F		
9 V DC	JVN1aF-9V-F	AJVN5245F		
12 V DC	JVN1aF-12V-F	AJVN5241F	100 pag	1.000 peo
18 V DC	JVN1aF-18V-F	AJVN5246F	100 pcs.	1,000 pcs.
24 V DC	JVN1aF-24V-F	AJVN5242F		
48 V DC	JVN1aF-48V-F	AJVN5243F		
100 V DC	JVN1aF-100V-F	AJVN5244F		

RATING

Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.
- Therefore, please use the relay within $\pm 5\%$ of rated coil voltage.
- 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

Rated coil voltage	Operate voltage* (at 20°C)	Release voltage* (at 20°C)	Rated operating current (±10%, at 20°C)	Coil resistance (±10%, at 20°C)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C)
4.5 V DC			44.4 mA	101 Ω	_	
6 V DC			33.3 mA	180 Ω		
9 V DC	Max. 75% V of rated coil voltage (initial) Min. 5% V of rated coil voltage (initial)	rated coil voltage	22.2 mA	405 Ω		4500()/ 5
12 V DC			16.7 mA	720 Ω	200 mW	150% V of rated coil voltage
18 V DC			11.1 mA	1,620 Ω		rated con reliage
24 V DC		8.3 mA	2,880 Ω			
48 V DC			4.2 mA	11,520 Ω		
100 V DC	Max. 60 V DC	Min. 4 V DC	6 mA	16,600 Ω	600 mW	110 V DC

*square, pulse drive

Specifications

	Item	Specifications	
	Contact arrangement	1 Form A	
Contact data	Contact resistance (initial)	Max. 100 m Ω (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)	
	Contact material	AgSnO ₂ type	
	Contact rating (resistive)	16 A 125 V AC, 10 A 277 V AC, 10 A 30 V DC	
	Max. switching power (resistive)	2,770 VA, 300 W	
	Max. switching voltage	277 V AC, 110 V DC (0.3 A)	
	Max. switching current	16 A (AC), 10 A (DC)	
	Min. switching load (reference value)*1	100 mA 5 V DC	
Insulation resist	ance (initial)	Min. 1,000 M Ω (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)	
Dielectric strength (initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)	
	Between contact and coil	2,500 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)	
Surge withstand voltage (initial)*2	Between contact and coil	4,500 V	
Time	Operate time	Max. 12 ms (4.5 to 48 V DC), Max. 8 ms (100 V DC) (at rated coil voltage, at 20°C, without bounce)	
characteristics (initial)	Release time	Max. 5 ms (at rated coil voltage, at 20°C, without bounce, without diode)	
Shock	Functional	200 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs)	
resistance	Destructive	1,000 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 6 ms)	
Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 1.6 mm, detection time: 10 μs)	
resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 2 mm)	
Expected life	Mechanical life	Min. 20 x 10 ^e (at 180 times/min)	
Conditions	Conditions for usage, transport and storage* ³	Ambient temperature: –40 to +70°C, –40 to +60°C (at 100 V DC) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)	
Unit weight		Approx. 8 g	

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditi
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50 µs according to JEC-212-1981
*3. For ambient temperature, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

Expected electrical life

Conditions: Resistive load, at 20°C, at 20 times/min

Туре	Switching capacity	Number of operations
1 Form A	10 A 125 V AC	Min. 100 x 10 ³
	10 A 30 V DC	Min. 100 x 10 ³
	10 A 277 V AC	Min. 50 x 10 ³
	16 A 125 V AC	Min. 30 x 10 ³

REFERENCE DATA

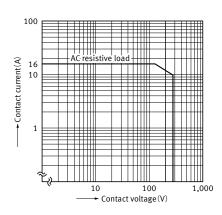
1.Max. switching capacity

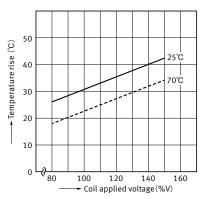
2.Coil temperature characteristics (Average)

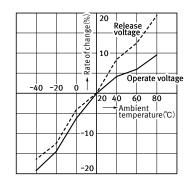
Tested sample : JVN1aF-12 V-F, 6 pcs. Measured portion : Coil inside Contact current : 16A

3.Ambient temperature characteristics (Average)

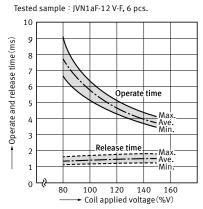
Tested sample : JVN1aF-12 V-F, 6 pcs.







4.Operate and release time characteristics



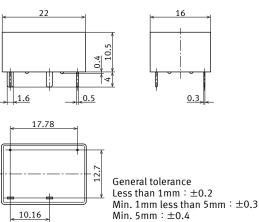
DIMENSIONS

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

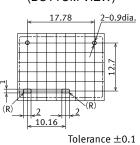
CAD

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External dimensions



Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Unit: mm

Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information.

■UL (Recognized)

File No.	Contact rating
	16 A 277 V AC
	16 A 125 V AC
E43028	10 A 30 V DC
E43020	0.3 A 110 V DC
	1/10 HP 277 V AC
	1/10 HP 125 V AC

CSA	(Certified)
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File No.	Contact rating
	16 A 277 V AC
	16 A 125 V AC
LR26550	10 A 30 V DC
LR20000	0.3 A 110 V DC
	1/10 HP 277 V AC
	1/10 HP 125 V AC

TÜV (Certified)

File No.	Contact rating	Operations
	16 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 1.0)	10 × 10 ³
B 18 03 13461 373	16 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.4)	10 × 10 ³
	10 A 30 V DC (0 ms)	10 × 10 ³

GUIDELINES FOR USAGE

■ For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

Ambient Environment

Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

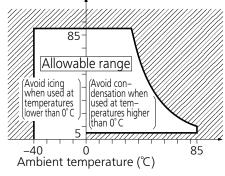
When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa





Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Industry Co., Ltd. does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

lcing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Industry Co., Ltd. does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

• Low temperature and low humidity The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

• High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/ or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

Others

Cleaning

 Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.

NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

 Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).

Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product. •Requests to customers: https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/



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