
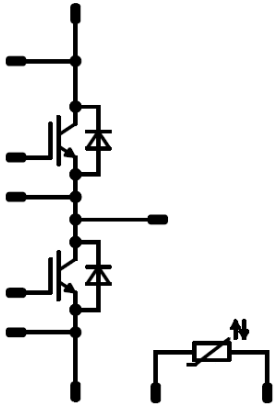




VINcoDUAL E3	1200 V / 600 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IGBT Mitsubishi gen 7 technology with low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> and improved EMC behavior</li> <li>New SoLid Cover Technology for higher reliability</li> <li>Industry standard housing</li> <li>Press-fit pin and pre-applied phase-change Thermal Interface Material available</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>VINco E3</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Industrial Drives</li> <li>Power Supply</li> <li>UPS</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Schematic</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A0-VS122PA600M7-L759F70</li> <li>A0-VP122PA600M7-L759F70T</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Half Bridge Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	535	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	946	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Half Bridge Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	437	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	713	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{top}$		-40...( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
Creepage distance			18,1	mm
Clearance			16,2	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Half Bridge Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,06	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CESat}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,51 1,71 1,78	2,15	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			600	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			1500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,67		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							111000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		0	10		25		3300		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							1260		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	600	25		3600		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,10		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		639 639 641		ns	
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$				25 125 150		109 128 133			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	600	626	25 125 150		447 478 491			
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		58 86 97			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{t-FWD} = 37,5 \mu C$ $Q_{t-FWD} = 77 \mu C$ $Q_{t-FWD} = 92 \mu C$				25 125 150		76,680 104,706 119,766			mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		44,920 57,152 66,317			



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

### Half Bridge Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				600	25 125 150		1,67 1,82 1,83	2,2	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1200		25			360	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,13		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		273 309 313		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		342 536 598		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 7225$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 4638$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 4219$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	600	626	25 125 150		37,548 77,003 91,978		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		10,478 25,305 31,206		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		1408 845 762		A/ $\mu$ s

### Thermistor

Rated resistance	R					25		5		k $\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 493 \Omega$				100	-5		+5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		245		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		1,4		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 2$ %				25		3375		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 2$ %				25		3437		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									K	

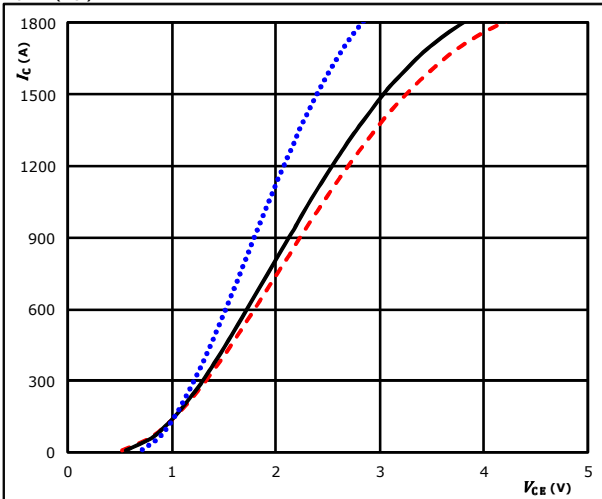


## Half Bridge Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

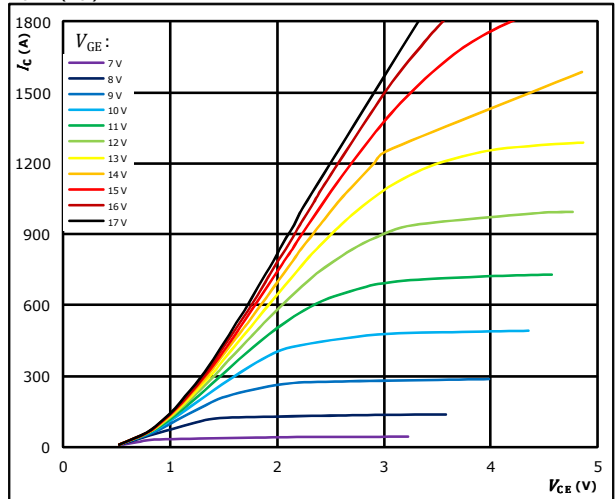


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - - -

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

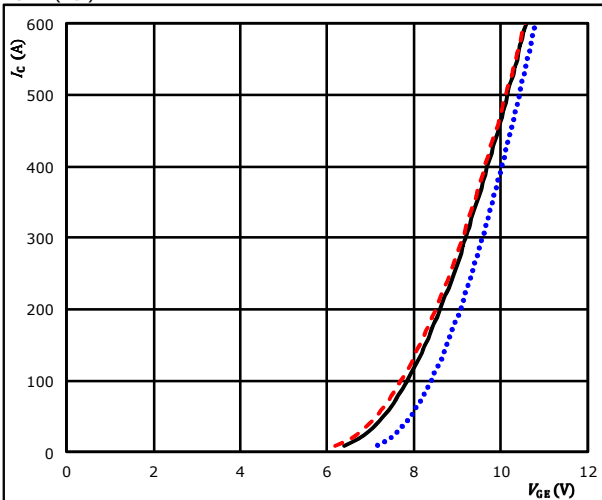


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

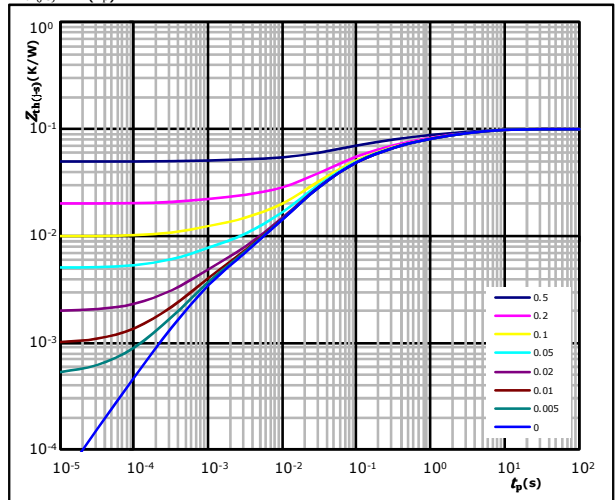


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - - -

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,10 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,28E-02	5,07E+00
2,01E-02	1,08E+00
2,47E-02	2,20E-01
2,82E-02	5,60E-02
1,16E-02	1,62E-02
3,16E-03	8,52E-04

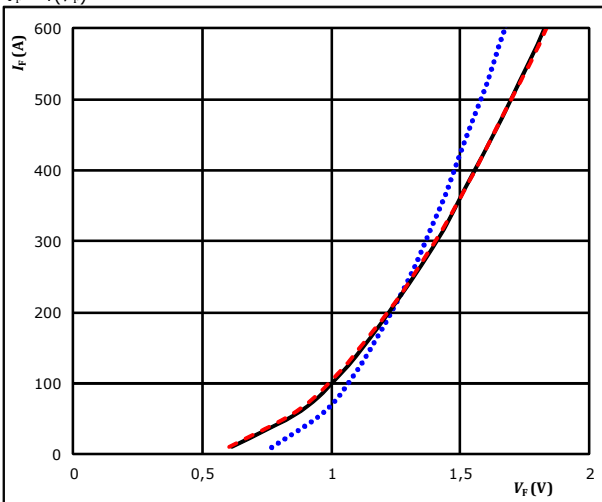


## Half Bridge Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

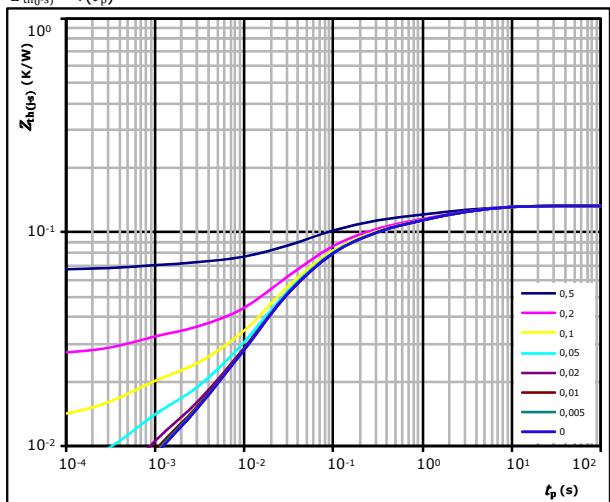


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted line), 125 °C (black solid line), 150 °C (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,13 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

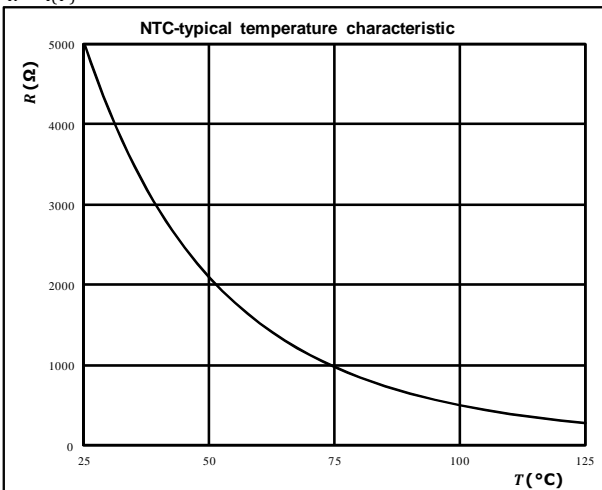
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,42E-02	4,56E+00
2,24E-02	9,51E-01
3,79E-02	1,30E-01
4,42E-02	3,01E-02
6,69E-03	8,14E-03
7,87E-03	6,10E-04

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

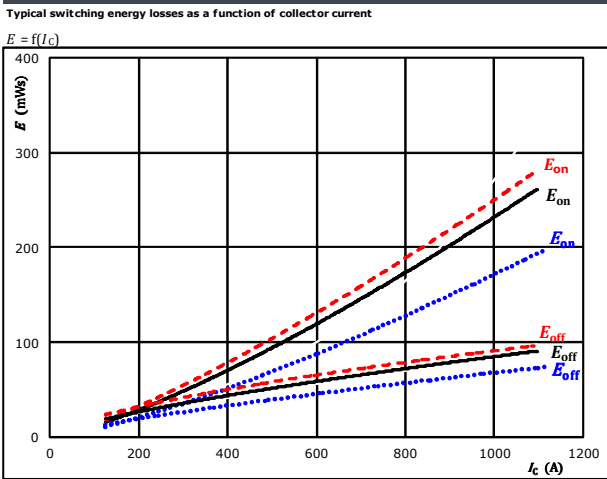
$$R = f(T)$$





## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

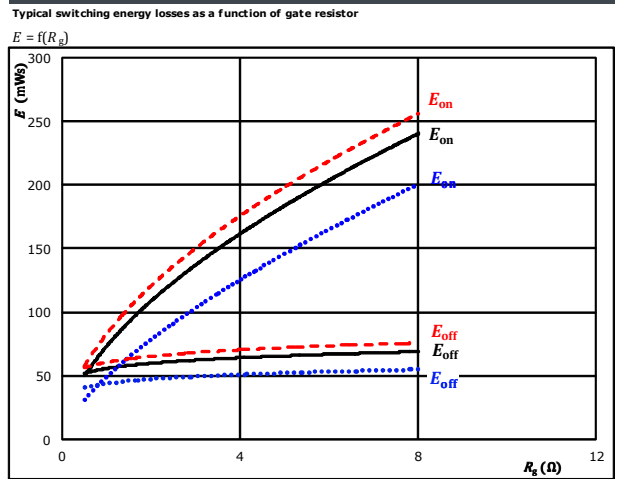
**figure 1.** IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C	.....
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$125$ °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 2$ Ω	$150$ °C	- - - -
$R_{g\text{off}} = 2$ Ω		

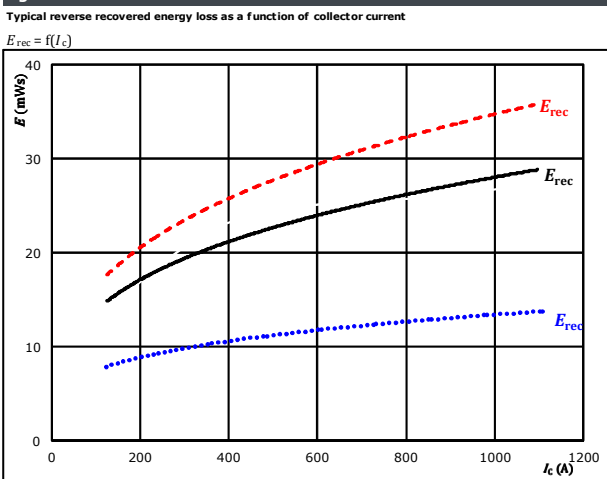
**figure 2.** IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C	.....
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$125$ °C	————
$I_c = 626$ A	$150$ °C	- - - -

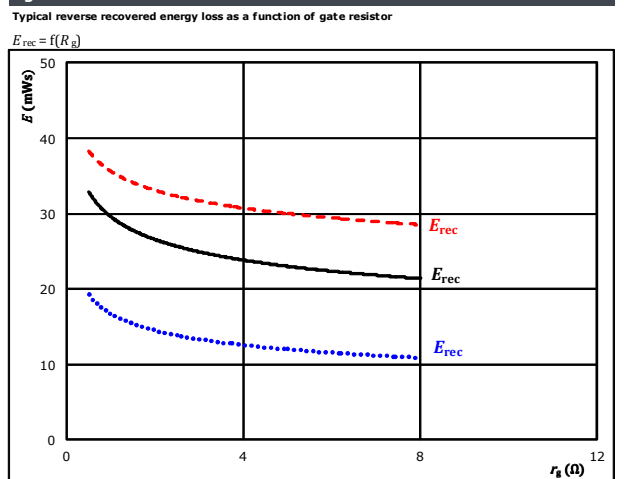
**figure 3.** FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C	.....
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$125$ °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 2$ Ω	$150$ °C	- - - -

**figure 4.** FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C	.....
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$125$ °C	————
$I_c = 626$ A	$150$ °C	- - - -

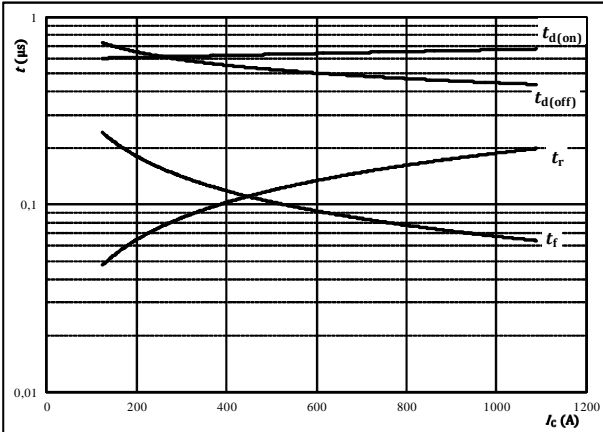


## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



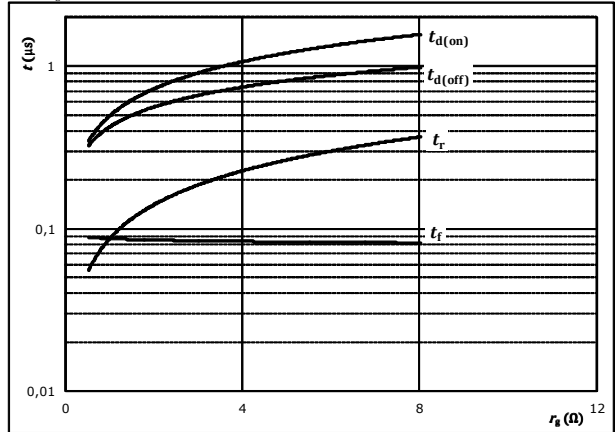
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	2	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	2	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



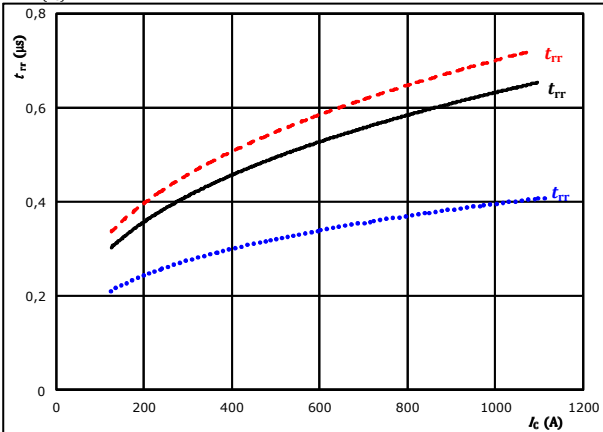
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_c =$	626	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

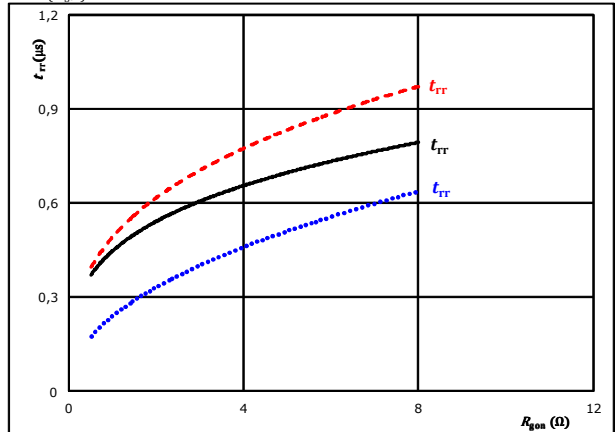


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{g(on)} =$	2	Ω		150 °C	-----

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_c =$	626	A		150 °C	-----



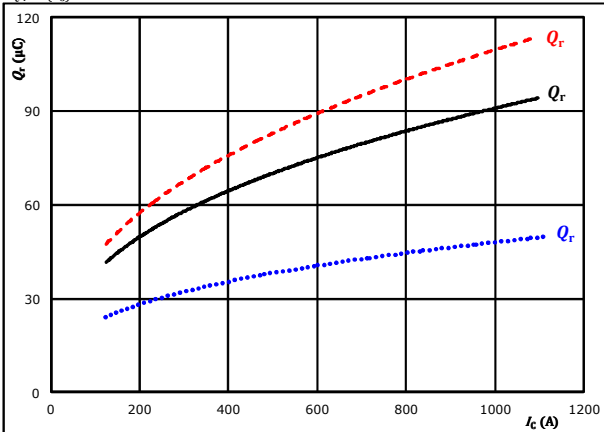


## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

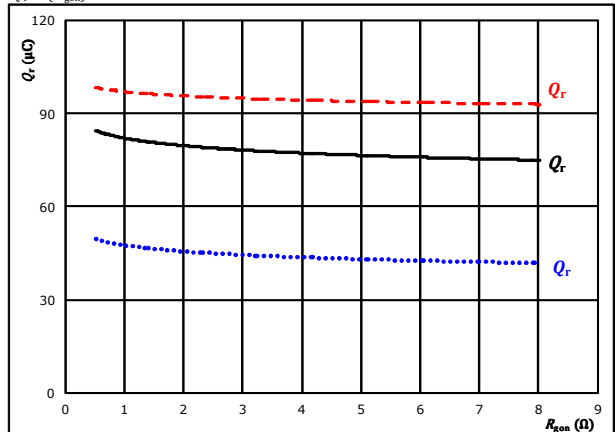


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 2$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

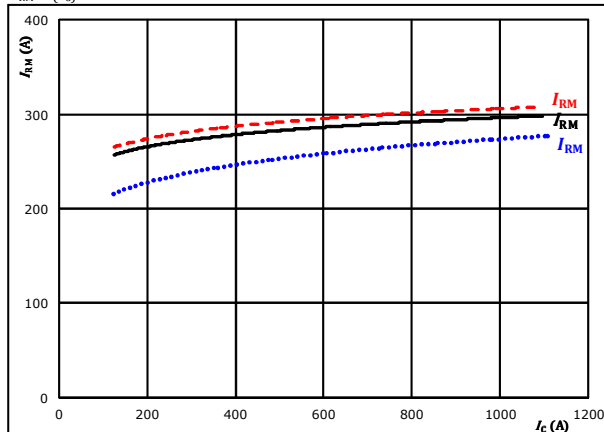


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 626$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

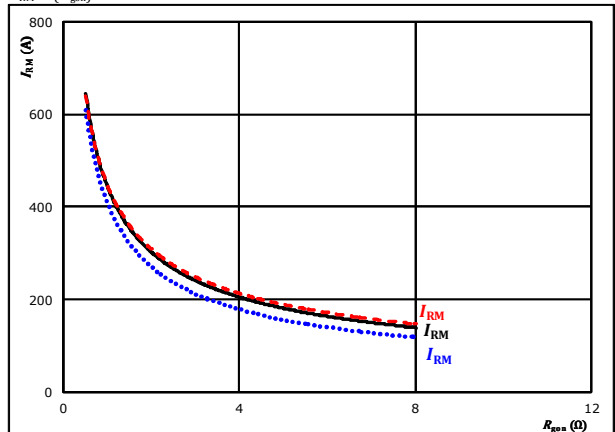


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 2$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



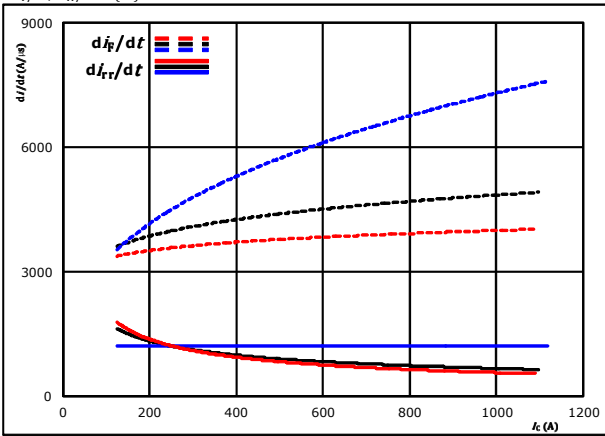
At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 626$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -



## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

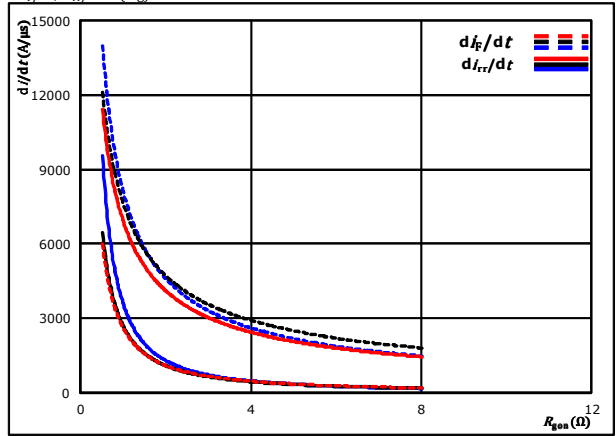
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C (solid black)  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 14.** FWD

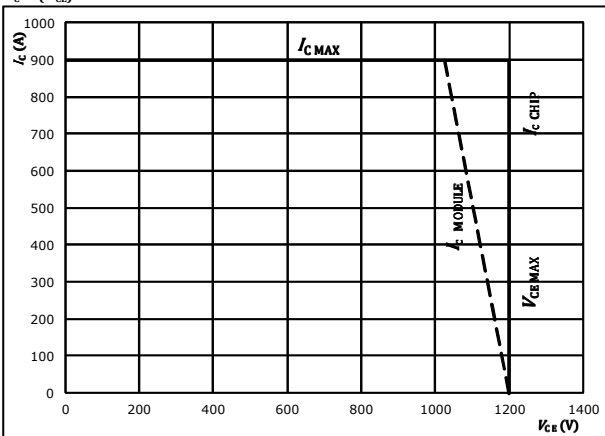
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C (solid black)  
 $I_c = 626$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{ce})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 2$  Ω



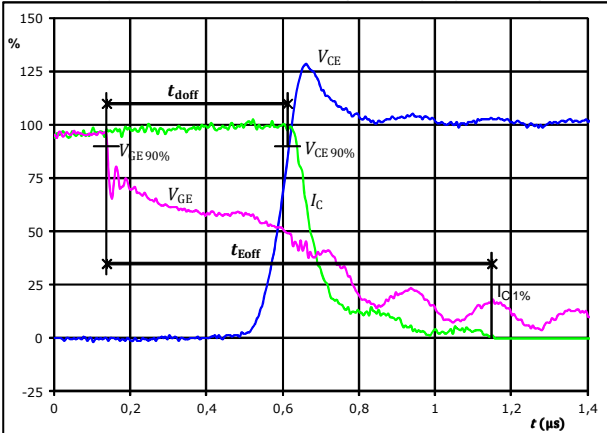
## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	2 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	2 $\Omega$

**figure 1. IGBT**

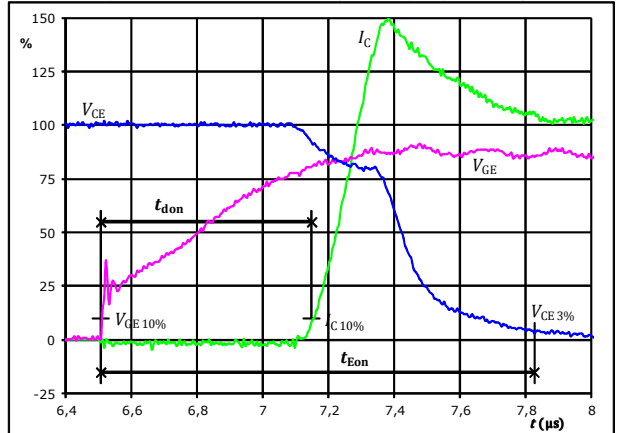
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for Eoff)



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	616	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,478	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	1,012	$\mu s$

**figure 2. IGBT**

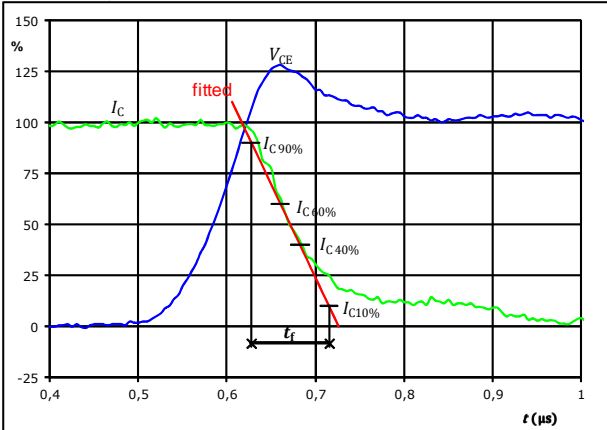
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for Eon)



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	616	A
$t_{don} =$	0,639	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	1,319	$\mu s$

**figure 3. IGBT**

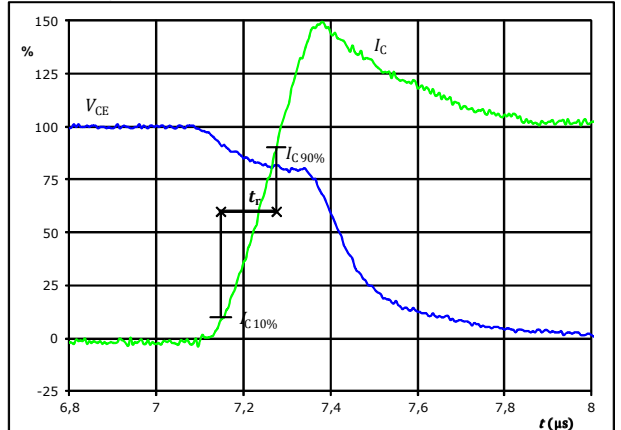
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	616	A
$t_f =$	0,086	$\mu s$

**figure 4. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



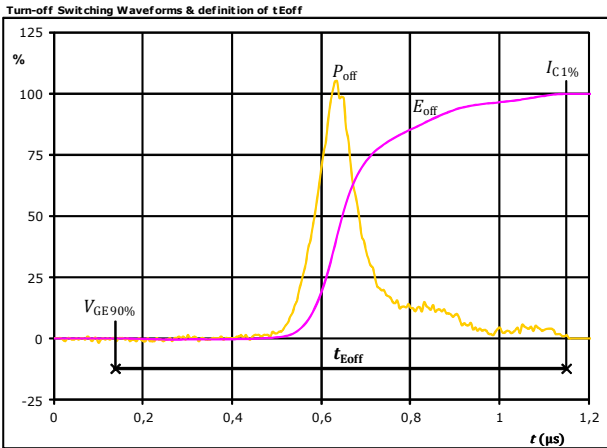
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	616	A
$t_r =$	0,128	$\mu s$



Vincotech

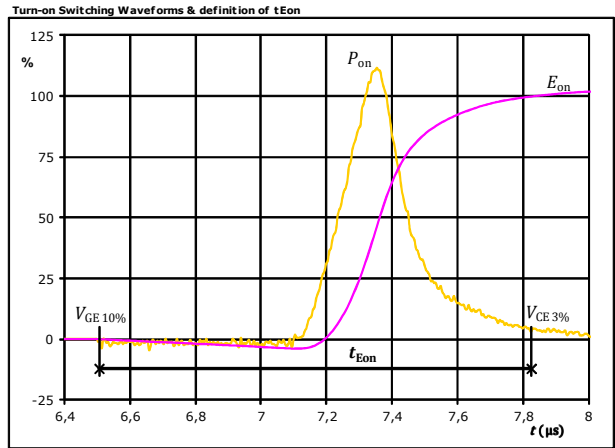
## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



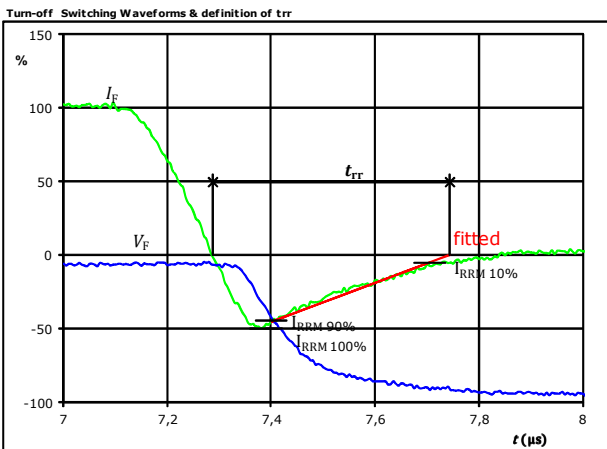
$P_{off}(100\%) = 369,63$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 57,15$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 1,01$  µs

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) = 369,63$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 104,71$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 1,32$  µs

**figure 7.** FWD



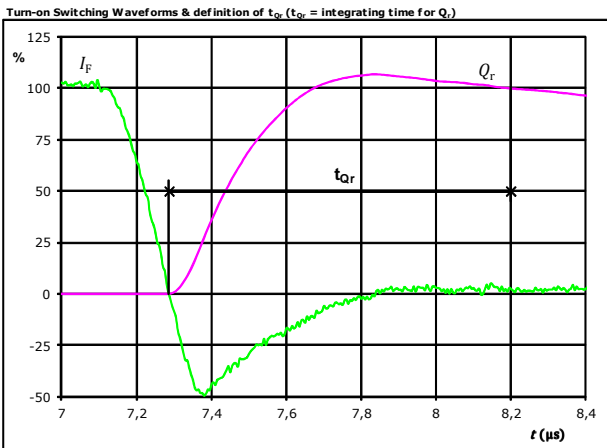
$V_F(100\%) = 600$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 616$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -309$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,536$  µs



Vincotech

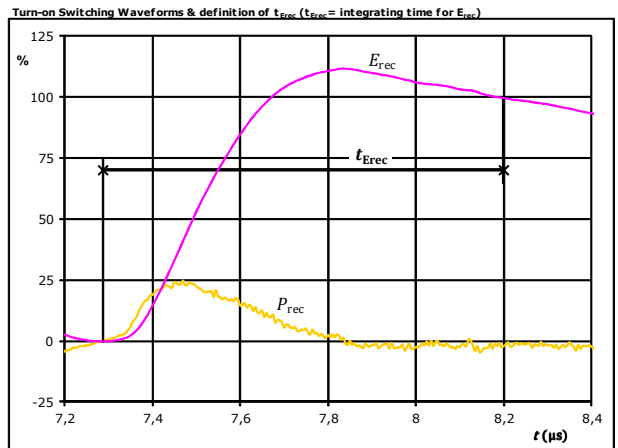
## Half Bridge Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	616	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	77,00	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	0,91	$\mu\text{s}$

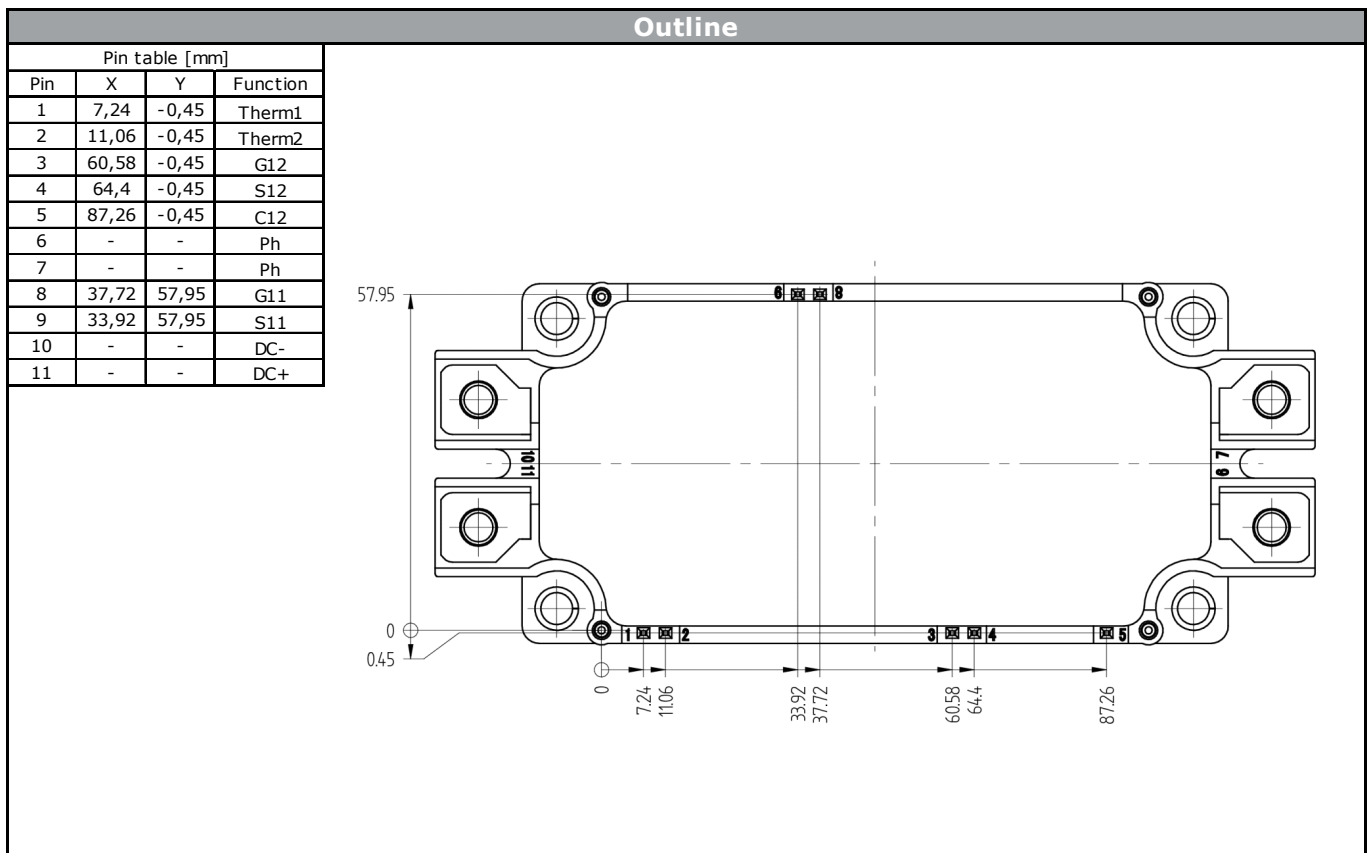
**figure 9.** FWD



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	369,63	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	25,31	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,91	$\mu\text{s}$

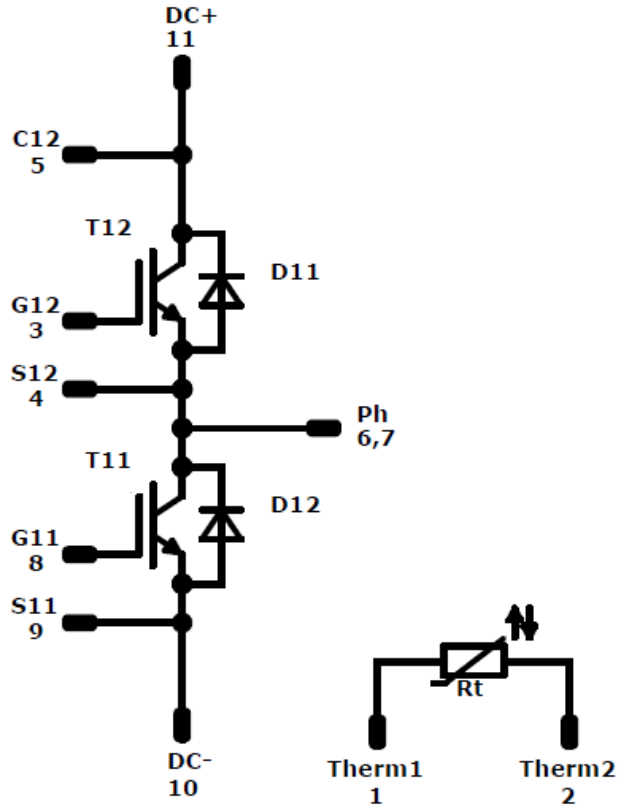


Ordering Code & Marking							
Version			Ordering Code				
without thermal paste with solder pins			A0-VS122PA600M7-L759F70				
with thermal paste with solder pins			A0-VS122PA600M7-L759F70- /3/				
without thermal paste with Press-fit pins			A0-VP122PA600M7-L759F70T				
with thermal paste with Press-fit pins			A0-VP122PA600M7-L759F70T- /3/				
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTUV WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS		Text	Name	Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
			NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTUV WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
			Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code
			TTTTTUV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY	





**Pinout**



**Identification**

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11,T12	IGBT	1200 V	600 A	Half Bridge Switch	
D11,D12	FWD	1200 V	600 A	Half Bridge Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 24	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
A0-Vx122PA600M7-L759F70x-D2-14	20 Feb. 2017	Add thermistor parameter	4, 6

**DISCLAIMER**

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.