

Solid Tantalum Chip Capacitors TANTAMOUNT™, Conformal Coated Case, Ultra Low ESR, DLA Approved



FEATURES

- High reliability
- Surge current testing per MIL-PRF-55365 options
- Ultra-low ESR
- Tin / lead (SnPb) termination

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

www.vishay.com/doc?40211

Operating Temperature: -55 °C to +125 °C
(above 85 °C, voltage derating is required)

Capacitance Range: 10 µF to 1500 µF

Capacitance Tolerance: ± 10 %, ± 20 % standard

Voltage Rating: 4 V_{DC} to 63 V_{DC}

Moisture Sensitivity Level 2a

ORDERING INFORMATION						
13008	-001	K	E	S	A	/HR
DRAWING NUMBER	DASH NUMBER	CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	TERMINATION FINISH	RELIABILITY GRADE	SURGE CURRENT OPTION	PACKAGING
		K = ± 10 % M = ± 20 %	E = solder plated (Sn/Pb solder)	S = voltage aging G = 1.0 % Weibull ⁽¹⁾ B = 0.1 % Weibull ⁽¹⁾ C = 0.01 % Weibull ⁽¹⁾	A = 10 cycles at +25 °C B = 10 cycles at -55 °C / +85 °C C = 10 cycles at -55 °C / +85 °C (before Weibull grading/voltage aging) Z = no surge	Blank = full 7" reel /HR = half 7" reel

Notes

- We reserve the right to supply higher voltage ratings and tighter capacitance tolerance capacitors in the same case size
- ⁽¹⁾ Weibull 1 %, 0.1 %, and 0.01 % may not be available on all ratings. See detailed notes in "Standard Ratings" table or contact marketing for availability

DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]							
<p>Tantalum wire nib identifies anode (+) terminal</p>							
CASE CODE	L (MAX.)	W	H	A	B	D (REF.)	J (MAX.)
V	0.299 [7.6]	0.173 ± 0.016 [4.4 ± 0.4]	0.079 [2.0 max.]	0.051 ± 0.012 [1.3 ± 0.3]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.252 [6.4]	0.004 [0.1]
D	0.299 [7.6]	0.173 ± 0.016 [4.4 ± 0.4]	0.138 [3.5 max.]	0.051 ± 0.012 [1.3 ± 0.3]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.252 [6.4]	0.004 [0.1]
E	0.299 [7.6]	0.173 ± 0.016 [4.4 ± 0.4]	0.157 ± 0.016 [4.0 ± 0.4]	0.051 ± 0.012 [1.3 ± 0.3]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.252 [6.4]	0.004 [0.1]
R	0.299 [7.6]	0.238 ± 0.016 [6.0 ± 0.4]	0.142 ± 0.016 [3.6 ± 0.4]	0.051 ± 0.012 [1.3 ± 0.3]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.244 [6.2]	0.004 [0.1]
F	0.299 [7.6]	0.238 ± 0.016 [6.0 ± 0.4]	0.185 ± 0.016 [4.7 ± 0.4]	0.055 ± 0.016 [1.4 ± 0.4]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.244 [6.2]	0.004 [0.1]



DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]							
Z	0.299 [7.6]	0.238 ± 0.016 [6.0 ± 0.4]	0.236 ± 0.016 [6.0 ± 0.4]	0.055 ± 0.016 [1.4 ± 0.4]	0.181 ± 0.024 [4.6 ± 0.6]	0.244 [6.2]	0.004 [0.1]
M	0.315 [8.0]	0.260 + 0.016 / - 0.024 [6.6 + 0.4 / - 0.6]	0.142 ± 0.016 [3.6 ± 0.4]	0.051 ± 0.012 [1.3 ± 0.3]	0.197 ± 0.024 [5.0 ± 0.6]	0.260 [6.6]	0.004 [0.1]
H	0.315 [8.0]	0.260 + 0.016 / - 0.024 [6.6 + 0.4 / - 0.6]	0.205 ± 0.016 [5.2 ± 0.4]	0.055 ± 0.016 [1.4 ± 0.4]	0.197 ± 0.024 [5.0 ± 0.6]	0.260 [6.6]	0.004 [0.1]
N	0.315 [8.0]	0.260 + 0.016 / - 0.024 [6.6 + 0.4 / - 0.6]	0.252 ± 0.016 [6.4 ± 0.4]	0.056 ± 0.017 [1.4 ± 0.4]	0.196 ± 0.025 [5.0 ± 0.6]	0.259 [6.6]	0.004 [0.1]

Note

- The anode termination (D less B) will be a minimum of 0.012" [0.3 mm]

RATINGS AND CASE CODES									
μF	4 V	6.3 V	10 V	16 V	20 V	25 V	35 V	50 V	63 V
10									D
15								E / R	R
22								R	F
33								F	
47							R	Z / N	
68						R	F		
100						F	F		
150						F			
220				E	R	M			
330		V	E	F	F / H				
470	V	E	E	H					
680	E	E	R						
1000	E / R	R	F						
1500	R								

STANDARD RATINGS											
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL (μA) AT			MAX. DF (%) AT			MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (mΩ)	RELIABILITY GRADE	
			+25 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	+25 °C	+85 °C +125 °C	-55 °C			
4 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 2.7 V_{DC} AT +125 °C											
470	V	13008-001(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	18.8	188.0	225.6	8	10	12	60	S, G, B, C	
680	E	13008-002(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	27.2	272.0	326.4	6	8	10	25	S, G, B, C	
1000	E	13008-003(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	40.0	400.0	480.0	8	10	12	20	S, G, B	
1000	R	13008-004(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	40.0	400.0	480.0	8	10	12	18	S, G, B, C	
1500	R	13008-005(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	60.0	600.0	720.0	8	10	12	24	S, G, B	
6.3 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 4 V_{DC} AT +125 °C											
330	V	13008-010(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	20.8	208.0	249.6	8	10	12	56	S, G, B	
470	E	13008-011(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	29.6	296.0	355.2	6	8	10	30	S, G, B	
680	E	13008-012(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	42.8	428.0	513.6	6	8	10	25	S, G, B	
1000	R	13008-013(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	63.0	630.0	756.0	8	10	12	31	S, G, B	

Note

- Part number definitions:
 - Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - Surge current: A, B, C, Z
 - Packaging: blank, /HR
 - Reliability grade: S, G, B, C
 - Reliability grade: S, G, B
 - Reliability grade: S, G
 - Reliability grade: S



STANDARD RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μ F)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL (μ A) AT			MAX. DF (%) AT			MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (m Ω)	RELIABILITY GRADE
			+25 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	+25 °C	+85 °C +125 °C	-55 °C		
10 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 7 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
330	E	13008-020(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	33.0	330.0	396.0	6	8	10	35	S, G, B, C
470	E	13008-021(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	47.0	470.0	564.0	6	8	10	28	S, G, B
680	R	13008-022(1)E(7)(2)/(3)	68.0	680.0	816.0	6	8	10	28	S
1000	F	13008-023(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	100.0	1000.0	1200.0	20	24	30	120	S, G
16 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 10 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
220	E	13008-030(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	35.2	352.0	422.4	8	10	12	60	S, G, B
330	F	13008-031(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	52.8	528.0	633.6	10	12	15	100	S, G, B, C
470	H	13008-032(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	75.2	752.0	902.4	14	17	21	100	S, G, B
20 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 13 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
220	R	13008-040(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	44.0	440.0	528.0	8	10	12	80	S, G, B
330	F	13008-041(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	66.0	660.0	792.0	10	12	15	100	S, G
330	H	13008-042(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	66.0	660.0	792.0	10	12	15	100	S, G, B
25 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 17 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
68	R	13008-050-(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	17.0	170.0	204.0	6	8	10	100	S, G, B
100	F	13008-051-(1)E(4)(2)/(3)	25.0	250.0	300.0	8	10	12	100	S, G, B, C
150	F	13008-052-(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	37.5	375.0	450.0	8	10	12	80	S, G, B
220	M	13008-053-(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	55.0	550.0	660.0	8	10	12	100	S, G
35 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 23 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
47	R	13008-060(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	16.5	165.0	198.0	6	8	10	100	S, G, B
68	F	13008-061(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	23.8	238.0	285.6	6	8	10	100	S, G
100	F	13008-062ME(6)(2)/(3)	35.0	350.0	420.0	8	10	12	100	S, G
50 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 33 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
15	E	13008-070(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	7.5	75.0	90.0	6	8	10	350	S, G, B
15	R	13008-071(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	7.5	75.0	90.0	6	8	10	250	S, G, B
22	R	13008-072(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	11.0	110.0	132.0	6	8	10	220	S, G, B
33	F	13008-073(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	16.5	165.0	198.0	6	8	10	150	S, G
47	Z	13008-074(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	23.5	235.0	282.0	6	8	10	240	S, G, B
47	N	13008-075(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	23.5	235.0	282.0	6	8	10	150	S, G, B
63 V_{DC} AT +85 °C; 42 V_{DC} AT +125 °C										
10	D	13008-080(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	10.0	100.0	120.0	6	8	10	400	S, G
15	R	13008-081(1)E(5)(2)/(3)	9.5	95.0	114.0	6	8	10	400	S, G, B
22	F	13008-082(1)E(6)(2)/(3)	13.9	139.0	166.8	6	8	10	250	S, G

Note

- Part number definitions:
 - Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - Surge current: A, B, C, Z
 - Packaging: blank, /HR
 - Reliability grade: S, G, B, C
 - Reliability grade: S, G, B
 - Reliability grade: S, G
 - Reliability grade: S

POWER DISSIPATION	
CASE CODE	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE POWER DISSIPATION AT +25 °C (W) IN FREE AIR
V	0.141
D	0.215
E	0.240
R, F, M	0.250
Z	0.265
H	0.265
N	0.280



STANDARD PACKAGING QUANTITY		
CASE CODE	UNITS PER REEL	
	7" FULL REEL	7" HALF REEL
V	1000	500
D	400	200
E	500	250
R	300	150
F	250	125
Z	250	125
M	200	100
H	200	100
N	200	100

PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Conformal Coated Guide	www.vishay.com/doc?40150
Pad Dimensions	
Packaging Dimensions	
Moisture Sensitivity (MSL)	www.vishay.com/doc?40135
SELECTOR GUIDES	
Solid Tantalum Selector Guide	www.vishay.com/doc?49053
FAQ	
Frequently Asked Questions	www.vishay.com/doc?40110



Guide for Conformal Coated Tantalum Capacitors

INTRODUCTION

Tantalum electrolytic capacitors are the preferred choice in applications where volumetric efficiency, stable electrical parameters, high reliability, and long service life are primary considerations. The stability and resistance to elevated temperatures of the tantalum / tantalum oxide / manganese dioxide system make solid tantalum capacitors an appropriate choice for today's surface mount assembly technology.

Vishay Sprague has been a pioneer and leader in this field, producing a large variety of tantalum capacitor types for consumer, industrial, automotive, military, and aerospace electronic applications.

Tantalum is not found in its pure state. Rather, it is commonly found in a number of oxide minerals, often in combination with Columbium ore. This combination is known as "tantalite" when its contents are more than one-half tantalum. Important sources of tantalite include Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, and several African countries. Synthetic tantalite concentrates produced from tin slags in Thailand, Malaysia, and Brazil are also a significant raw material for tantalum production.

Electronic applications, and particularly capacitors, consume the largest share of world tantalum production. Other important applications for tantalum include cutting tools (tantalum carbide), high temperature super alloys, chemical processing equipment, medical implants, and military ordnance.

Vishay Sprague is a major user of tantalum materials in the form of powder and wire for capacitor elements and rod and sheet for high temperature vacuum processing.

THE BASICS OF TANTALUM CAPACITORS

Most metals form crystalline oxides which are non-protecting, such as rust on iron or black oxide on copper. A few metals form dense, stable, tightly adhering, electrically insulating oxides. These are the so-called "valve" metals and include titanium, zirconium, niobium, tantalum, hafnium, and aluminum. Only a few of these permit the accurate control of oxide thickness by electrochemical means. Of these, the most valuable for the electronics industry are aluminum and tantalum.

Capacitors are basic to all kinds of electrical equipment, from radios and television sets to missile controls and automobile ignitions. Their function is to store an electrical charge for later use.

Capacitors consist of two conducting surfaces, usually metal plates, whose function is to conduct electricity. They are separated by an insulating material or dielectric. The dielectric used in all tantalum electrolytic capacitors is tantalum pentoxide.

Tantalum pentoxide compound possesses high-dielectric strength and a high-dielectric constant. As capacitors are being manufactured, a film of tantalum pentoxide is applied to their electrodes by means of an electrolytic process. The film is applied in various thicknesses and at various voltages and although transparent to begin with, it takes on different colors as light refracts through it. This coloring occurs on the tantalum electrodes of all types of tantalum capacitors.

Rating for rating, tantalum capacitors tend to have as much as three times better capacitance / volume efficiency than aluminum electrolytic capacitors. An approximation of the capacitance / volume efficiency of other types of capacitors may be inferred from the following table, which shows the dielectric constant ranges of the various materials used in each type. Note that tantalum pentoxide has a dielectric constant of 26, some three times greater than that of aluminum oxide. This, in addition to the fact that extremely thin films can be deposited during the electrolytic process mentioned earlier, makes the tantalum capacitor extremely efficient with respect to the number of microfarads available per unit volume. The capacitance of any capacitor is determined by the surface area of the two conducting plates, the distance between the plates, and the dielectric constant of the insulating material between the plates.

COMPARISON OF CAPACITOR DIELECTRIC CONSTANTS

DIELECTRIC	ϵ DIELECTRIC CONSTANT
Air or vacuum	1.0
Paper	2.0 to 6.0
Plastic	2.1 to 6.0
Mineral oil	2.2 to 2.3
Silicone oil	2.7 to 2.8
Quartz	3.8 to 4.4
Glass	4.8 to 8.0
Porcelain	5.1 to 5.9
Mica	5.4 to 8.7
Aluminum oxide	8.4
Tantalum pentoxide	26
Ceramic	12 to 400K

In the tantalum electrolytic capacitor, the distance between the plates is very small since it is only the thickness of the tantalum pentoxide film. As the dielectric constant of the tantalum pentoxide is high, the capacitance of a tantalum capacitor is high if the area of the plates is large:

$$C = \frac{\epsilon A}{t}$$

where

C = capacitance

ϵ = dielectric constant

A = surface area of the dielectric

t = thickness of the dielectric

Tantalum capacitors contain either liquid or solid electrolytes. In solid electrolyte capacitors, a dry material (manganese dioxide) forms the cathode plate. A tantalum lead is embedded in or welded to the pellet, which is in turn connected to a termination or lead wire. The drawings show the construction details of the surface mount types of tantalum capacitors shown in this catalog.

SOLID ELECTROLYTE TANTALUM CAPACITORS

Solid electrolyte capacitors contain manganese dioxide, which is formed on the tantalum pentoxide dielectric layer by impregnating the pellet with a solution of manganous nitrate. The pellet is then heated in an oven, and the manganous nitrate is converted to manganese dioxide.

The pellet is next coated with graphite, followed by a layer of metallic silver, which provides a conductive surface between the pellet and the can in which it will be enclosed. After assembly, the capacitors are tested and inspected to assure long life and reliability. It offers excellent reliability and high stability for consumer and commercial electronics with the added feature of low cost.

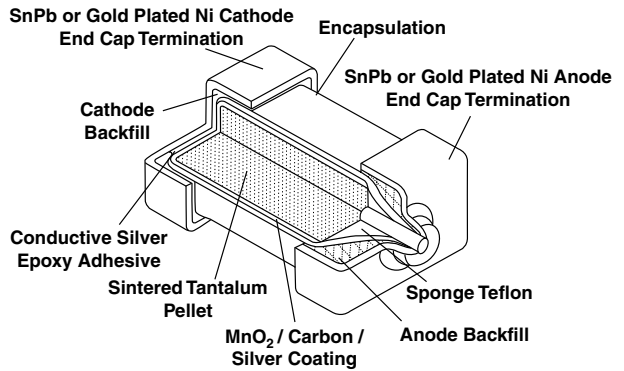
Surface mount designs of "Solid Tantalum" capacitors use lead frames or lead frameless designs as shown in the accompanying drawings.

TANTALUM CAPACITORS FOR ALL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

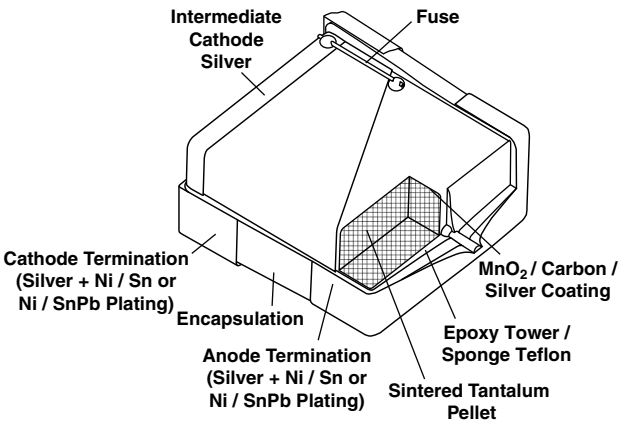
Solid electrolyte designs are the least expensive for a given rating and are used in many applications where their very small size for a given unit of capacitance is of importance. They will typically withstand up to about 10 % of the rated DC working voltage in a reverse direction. Also important are their good low temperature performance characteristics and freedom from corrosive electrolytes.

Vishay Sprague patented the original solid electrolyte capacitors and was the first to market them in 1956. Vishay Sprague has the broadest line of tantalum capacitors and has continued its position of leadership in this field. Data sheets covering the various types and styles of Vishay Sprague capacitors for consumer and entertainment electronics, industry, and military applications are available where detailed performance characteristics must be specified.

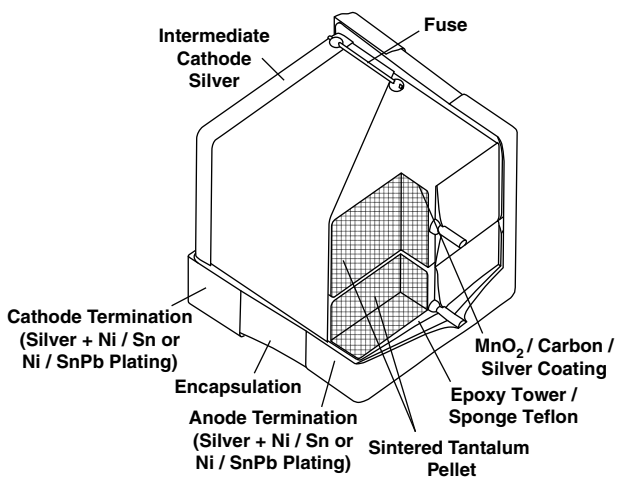
TYPE 194D



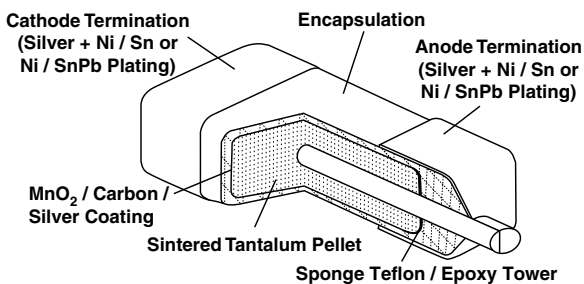
TYPE T96



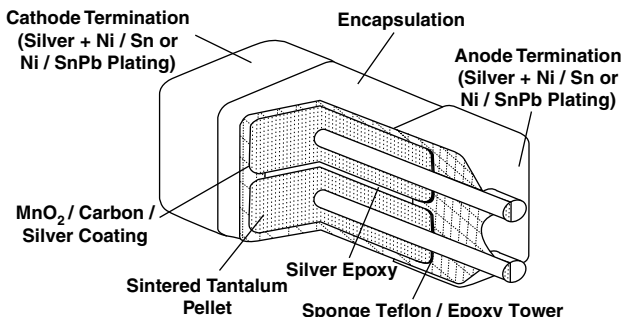
TYPE T98



TYPE 195D, 591D, 592D / 592W, 594D, 595D, 695D, T95, 14002



TYPE 597D / T97 / 13008



Note

- For all types of conformal coated capacitors, tantalum wire to tantalum pellet attachment method could be either embedded (see images on the left side of the page) or welded (see images on the right side), depending on specific rating












COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS

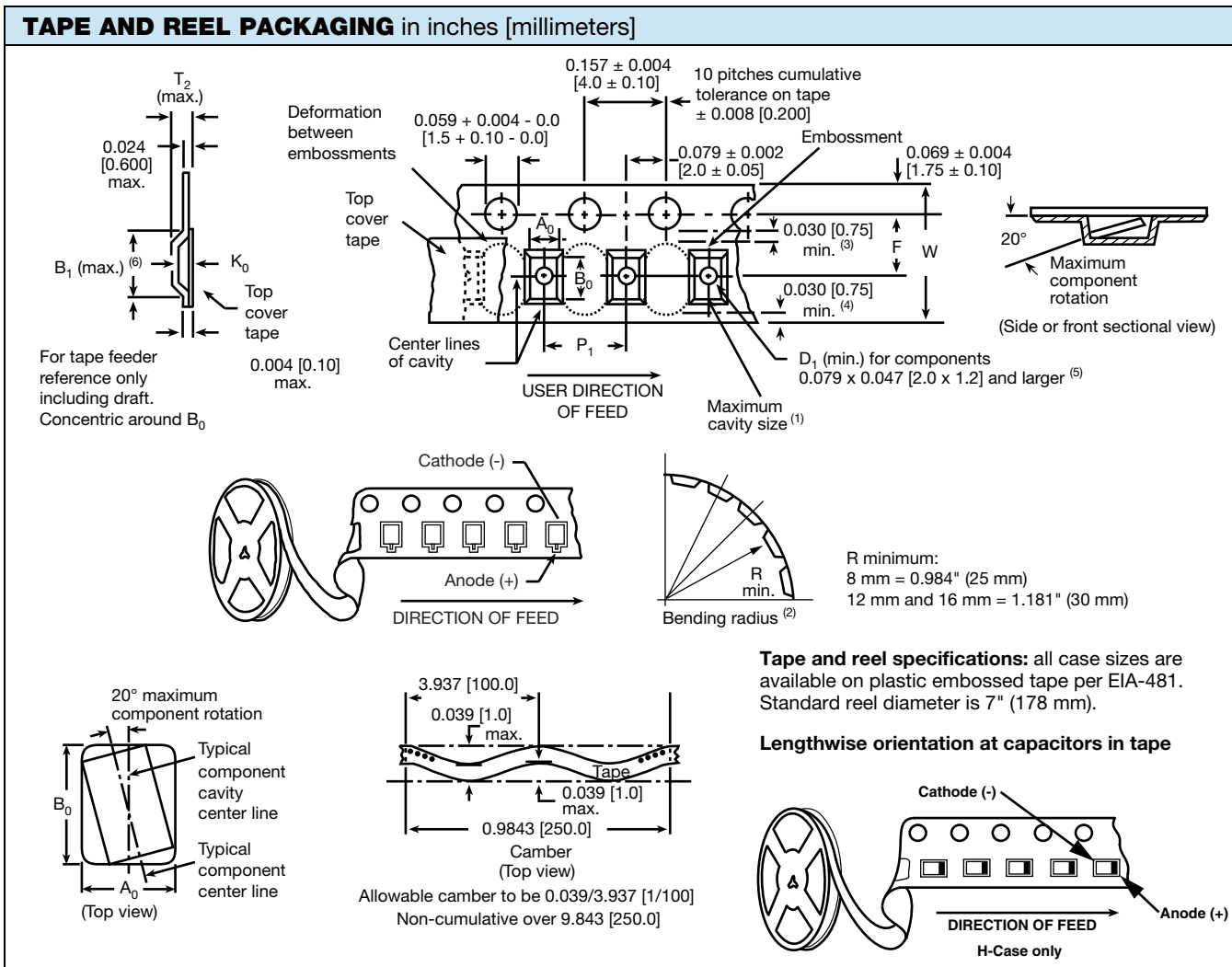
SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - CONFORMAL COATED					
SERIES	592W	592D	591D	595D	594D
PRODUCT IMAGE					
TYPE	Surface mount TANTAMOUNT™ chip, conformal coated				
FEATURES	Low profile, robust design for use in pulsed applications	Low profile, maximum CV	Low profile, low ESR, maximum CV	Maximum CV	Low ESR, maximum CV
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +125 °C (above 40 °C, voltage derating is required)	-55 °C to +125 °C (above 85 °C, voltage derating is required)			
CAPACITANCE RANGE	330 µF to 2200 µF	1 µF to 2200 µF	1 µF to 1500 µF	0.1 µF to 1500 µF	1 µF to 1500 µF
VOLTAGE RANGE	6 V to 10 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 0.5 µA, whichever is greater				
DISSIPATION FACTOR	14 % to 45 %	4 % to 50 %	4 % to 50 %	4 % to 20 %	4 % to 20 %
CASE CODES	C, M, X	S, A, B, C, D, R, M, X	A, B, C, D, R, M	T, S, A, B, C, D, G, M, R	B, C, D, R
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin	100 % matte tin standard, tin / lead and gold plated available			

SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - CONFORMAL COATED				
SERIES	597D	695D	195D	194D
PRODUCT IMAGE				
TYPE	TANTAMOUNT™ chip, conformal coated			
FEATURES	Ultra low ESR, maximum CV, multi-anode	Pad compatible with 194D and CWR06	US and European case sizes	Industrial version of CWR06 / CWR16
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +125 °C (above 85 °C, voltage derating is required)			
CAPACITANCE RANGE	10 µF to 2200 µF	0.1 µF to 270 µF	0.1 µF to 330 µF	0.1 µF to 330 µF
VOLTAGE RANGE	4 V to 75 V	4 V to 50 V	2 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 10 %, ± 20 %			
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 0.5 µA, whichever is greater			
DISSIPATION FACTOR	6 % to 20 %	4 % to 8 %	4 % to 8 %	4 % to 10 %
CASE CODES	V, D, E, R, F, Z, M, H	A, B, D, E, F, G, H	C, S, V, X, Y, Z, R, A, B, D, E, F, G, H	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin standard, tin / lead solder plated available	100 % matte tin standard, tin / lead and gold plated available		Gold plated standard; tin / lead solder plated and hot solder dipped available

HIGH RELIABILITY PRODUCTS

SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - CONFORMAL COATED					
SERIES	CWR06	CWR16	CWR26	13008	14002
PRODUCT IMAGE					
TYPE	TANTAMOUNT™ chip, conformal coated				
FEATURES	MIL-PRF-55365/4 qualified	MIL-PRF-55365/13 qualified	MIL-PRF-55365/13 qualified	DLA approved	
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +125 °C (above 85 °C, voltage derating is required)				
CAPACITANCE RANGE	0.10 µF to 100 µF	0.33 µF to 330 µF	10 µF to 100 µF	10 µF to 1500 µF	4.7 µF to 680 µF
VOLTAGE RANGE	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 35 V	15 V to 35 V	4 V to 63 V	4 V to 50 V
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 5 %, ± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 5 %, ± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 5 %, ± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 1.0 µA, whichever is greater			0.01 CV or 0.5 µA, whichever is greater	
DISSIPATION FACTOR	6 % to 10 %	6 % to 10 %	6 % to 12 %	6 % to 20 %	6 % to 14 %
CASE CODES	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H	F, G, H	V, E, F, R, Z, D, M, H, N	B, C, D, R
TERMINATION	Gold plated; tin / lead; tin / lead solder fused			Tin / lead	

SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - CONFORMAL COATED				
SERIES	T95	T96	T97	T98
PRODUCT IMAGE				
TYPE	TANTAMOUNT™ chip, Hi-Rel COTS, conformal coated			
FEATURES	High reliability	High reliability, built in fuse	High reliability, ultra low ESR, multi-anode	High reliability, ultra low ESR, built in fuse, multi-anode
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +125 °C (above 85 °C, voltage derating is required)			
CAPACITANCE RANGE	0.15 µF to 680 µF	10 µF to 680 µF	10 µF to 2200 µF	10 µF to 1500 µF
VOLTAGE RANGE	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 75 V	4 V to 75 V
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %	± 10 %, ± 20 %
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 0.5 µA, whichever is greater			
DISSIPATION FACTOR	4 % to 14 %	6 % to 14 %	6 % to 20 %	6 % to 10 %
CASE CODES	A, B, C, D, R, S, V, X, Y, Z	R	V, E, F, R, Z, D, M, H, N	V, E, F, R, Z, M, H
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin, tin / lead			



Notes

- Metric dimensions will govern. Dimensions in inches are rounded and for reference only
- (1) A_0 , B_0 , K_0 , are determined by the maximum dimensions to the ends of the terminals extending from the component body and / or the body dimensions of the component. The clearance between the ends of the terminals or body of the component to the sides and depth of the cavity (A_0 , B_0 , K_0) must be within 0.002" (0.05 mm) minimum and 0.020" (0.50 mm) maximum. The clearance allowed must also prevent rotation of the component within the cavity of not more than 20°
- (2) Tape with components shall pass around radius "R" without damage. The minimum trailer length may require additional length to provide "R" minimum for 12 mm embossed tape for reels with hub diameters approaching N minimum
- (3) This dimension is the flat area from the edge of the sprocket hole to either outward deformation of the carrier tape between the embossed cavities or to the edge of the cavity whichever is less
- (4) This dimension is the flat area from the edge of the carrier tape opposite the sprocket holes to either the outward deformation of the carrier tape between the embossed cavity or to the edge of the cavity whichever is less
- (5) The embossed hole location shall be measured from the sprocket hole controlling the location of the embossment. Dimensions of embossment location shall be applied independent of each other
- (6) B_1 dimension is a reference dimension tape feeder clearance only



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]						
TAPE WIDTH	W	D ₀	P ₂	F	E ₁	E ₂ min.
8 mm	0.315 + 0.012 / - 0.004 [8.0 + 0.3 / - 0.1]	0.059 + 0.004 / - 0 [1.5 + 0.1 / - 0]	0.078 ± 0.0019 [2.0 ± 0.05]	0.14 ± 0.0019 [3.5 ± 0.05]	0.324 ± 0.004 [1.75 ± 0.1]	0.246 [6.25]
12 mm	0.479 + 0.012 / - 0.004 [12.0 + 0.3 / - 0.1]			0.216 ± 0.0019 [5.5 ± 0.05]		0.403 [10.25]
16 mm	0.635 + 0.012 / - 0.004 [16.0 + 0.3 / - 0.1]		0.078 ± 0.004 [2.0 ± 0.1]	0.295 ± 0.004 [7.5 ± 0.1]		0.570 [14.25]
24 mm	0.945 ± 0.012 [24.0 ± 0.3]			0.453 ± 0.004 [11.5 ± 0.1]		0.876 [22.25]

CARRIER TAPE DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]					
TYPE	CASE CODE	TAPE WIDTH W IN mm	P ₁	K ₀ max.	B ₁ max.
592D 592W 591D	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.149 [3.78]
	B	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.166 [4.21]
	C	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.088 [2.23]	0.290 [7.36]
	D	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.300 [7.62]
	M	16		0.091 [2.30]	0.311 [7.90]
	R	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.296 [7.52]
	S	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.139 [3.53]
	T	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.166 [4.21]
X	24	0.472 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.10]	0.011 [2.72]	0.594 [15.1]	
595D 594D	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.063 [1.60]	0.152 [3.86]
	B	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.166 [4.21]
	C	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.118 [2.97]	0.290 [7.36]
	D	12		0.119 [3.02]	0.296 [7.52]
	G	12		0.111 [2.83]	0.234 [5.95]
	H	12		0.098 [2.50]	0.232 [5.90]
	M	12	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.085 [2.15]	0.152 [3.85]
	R	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.148 [3.78]	0.296 [7.52]
	S	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.149 [3.78]
	T	8		0.054 [1.37]	0.093 [2.36]
695D	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.139 [3.53]
	B	12		0.059 [1.50]	0.189 [4.80]
	D	12		0.063 [1.62]	0.191 [4.85]
	E	12		0.074 [1.88]	0.239 [6.07]
	F	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.075 [1.93]	0.259 [6.58]
	G	12	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.109 [2.77]	0.301 [7.65]
	H	16	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.124 [3.15]	0.31 [7.87]



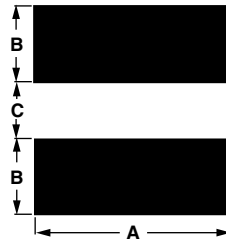
CARRIER TAPE DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]					
TYPE	CASE CODE	TAPE WIDTH W IN mm	P₁	K₀ max.	B₁ max.
195D	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.139 [3.53]
	B	12		0.059 [1.50]	0.189 [4.80]
	C	8		0.054 [1.37]	0.093 [2.36]
	D	12		0.067 [1.70]	0.179 [4.55]
	E	12		0.074 [1.88]	0.239 [6.07]
	F	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.076 [1.93]	0.259 [6.58]
	G	12	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.109 [2.77]	0.301 [7.65]
	H ⁽¹⁾	12	0.472 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.1]	0.122 [3.11]	0.163 [4.14]
	R	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.149 [3.78]	0.296 [7.52]
	S	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.149 [3.78]
	V	8		0.060 [1.52]	0.150 [3.80]
	X	12		0.069 [1.75]	0.296 [7.52]
	Y	12		0.089 [2.26]	0.296 [7.52]
	Z	12		0.114 [2.89]	0.288 [7.31]
194D CWR06 CWR16 CWR26	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.069 [1.75]	0.139 [3.53]
	B	12		0.073 [1.85]	0.189 [4.80]
	C	12		0.069 [1.75]	0.244 [6.20]
	D	12		0.068 [1.72]	0.191 [4.85]
	E	12	0.074 [1.88]	0.239 [6.07]	
	F	12	0.315 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.091 [2.31]	0.262 [6.65]
	G	16		0.134 [3.40]	0.289 [7.34]
	H	16		0.129 [3.28]	0.319 [8.10]
597D T97 13008	D	16	0.317 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.150 [3.80]	0.313 [7.95]
	E	16		0.173 [4.40]	0.343 [8.70]
	F	16	0.476 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.1]	0.205 [5.20]	0.309 [7.85]
	H	16		0.224 [5.70]	0.313 [7.95]
	M	16		0.193 [4.90]	0.339 [8.60]
	N	16		0.283 [7.20]	0.323 [8.20]
	R	16	0.159 [4.05]	0.313 [7.95]	
	V	12	0.317 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.088 [2.23]	0.300 [7.62]
Z	16	0.476 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.1]	0.239 [6.06]	0.311 [7.90]	
T95	A	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.063 [1.60]	0.152 [3.86]
	B	12		0.088 [2.23]	0.166 [4.21]
	C	12		0.117 [2.97]	0.290 [7.36]
	D	12	0.317 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.119 [3.02]	0.296 [7.52]
	R	12		0.149 [3.78]	0.296 [7.52]
	S	8	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.058 [1.47]	0.149 [3.78]
	V	8		0.060 [1.52]	0.150 [3.80]
	X	12		0.069 [1.75]	0.296 [7.52]
	Y	12		0.089 [2.26]	0.296 [7.52]
Z	12	0.114 [2.89]		0.288 [7.31]	
14002	B	12	0.157 ± 0.004 [4.0 ± 0.10]	0.088 [2.23]	0.166 [4.21]
	C	12		0.117 [2.97]	0.290 [7.36]
	D	12	0.317 ± 0.004 [8.0 ± 0.10]	0.119 [3.02]	0.296 [7.52]
	R	12		0.149 [3.78]	0.296 [7.52]
T96	R	16	0.476 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.1]	0.159 [4.05]	0.313 [7.95]
T98	F	16	0.476 ± 0.004 [12.0 ± 0.1]	0.239 [6.06]	0.311 [7.90]
	M	16		0.193 [4.90]	0.339 [8.60]
	Z	16		0.272 [6.90]	0.307 [7.80]

Note

⁽¹⁾ H case only, packaging code T: lengthwise orientation at capacitors in tape



PAD DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]



CASE CODE	WIDTH (A)	PAD METALLIZATION (B)	SEPARATION (C)
592D / W - 591D			
A	0.075 [1.9]	0.050 [1.3]	0.050 [1.3]
B	0.118 [3.0]	0.059 [1.5]	0.059 [1.5]
C	0.136 [3.5]	0.090 [2.3]	0.122 [3.1]
D	0.180 [4.6]	0.090 [2.3]	0.134 [3.4]
M	0.256 [6.5]	Anode pad: 0.095 [2.4]	0.138 [3.5]
		Cathode pad: 0.067 [1.7]	
R	0.240 [6.1]	Anode pad: 0.095 [2.4]	0.118 [3.0]
		Cathode pad: 0.067 [1.7]	
S	0.067 [1.7]	0.032 [0.8]	0.043 [1.1]
X	0.310 [7.9]	0.120 [3.0]	0.360 [9.2]
595D - 594D			
T	0.059 [1.5]	0.028 [0.7]	0.024 [0.6]
S	0.067 [1.7]	0.032 [0.8]	0.043 [1.1]
A	0.083 [2.1]	0.050 [1.3]	0.050 [1.3]
B	0.118 [3.0]	0.059 [1.5]	0.059 [1.5]
C	0.136 [3.5]	0.090 [2.3]	0.122 [3.1]
D	0.180 [4.6]	0.090 [2.3]	0.134 [3.4]
G	0.156 [4.05]	0.090 [2.3]	0.082 [2.1]
M	0.110 [2.8]	0.087 [2.2]	0.134 [3.4]
R	0.248 [6.3]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
195D			
A	0.067 [1.7]	0.043 [1.1]	0.028 [0.7]
B	0.063 [1.6]	0.047 [1.2]	0.047 [1.2]
C	0.059 [1.5]	0.031 [0.8]	0.024 [0.6]
D	0.090 [2.3]	0.055 [1.4]	0.047 [1.2]
E	0.090 [2.3]	0.055 [1.4]	0.079 [2.0]
F	0.140 [3.6]	0.063 [1.6]	0.087 [2.2]
G	0.110 [2.8]	0.059 [1.5]	0.126 [3.2]
H	0.154 [3.9]	0.063 [1.6]	0.140 [3.6]
N	0.244 [6.2]	0.079 [2.0]	0.118 [3.0]
R	0.248 [6.3]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
S	0.079 [2.0]	0.039 [1.0]	0.039 [1.0]
V	0.114 [2.9]	0.039 [1.0]	0.039 [1.0]
X	0.118 [3.0]	0.067 [1.7]	0.122 [3.1]
Y	0.118 [3.0]	0.067 [1.7]	0.122 [3.1]
Z	0.118 [3.0]	0.067 [1.7]	0.122 [3.1]



PAD DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]			
CASE CODE	WIDTH (A)	PAD METALLIZATION (B)	SEPARATION (C)
CWR06 / CWR16 / CWR26 - 194D - 695D			
A	0.065 [1.6]	0.50 [1.3]	0.040 [1.0]
B	0.065 [1.6]	0.70 [1.8]	0.055 [1.4]
C	0.065 [1.6]	0.70 [1.8]	0.120 [3.0]
D	0.115 [2.9]	0.70 [1.8]	0.070 [1.8]
E	0.115 [2.9]	0.70 [1.8]	0.120 [3.0]
F	0.150 [3.8]	0.70 [1.8]	0.140 [3.6]
G	0.125 [3.2]	0.70 [1.8]	0.170 [4.3]
H	0.165 [4.2]	0.90 [2.3]	0.170 [4.3]
T95			
B	0.120 [3.0]	0.059 [1.5]	0.059 [1.5]
C	0.136 [3.5]	0.090 [2.3]	0.120 [3.1]
D	0.180 [4.6]	0.090 [2.3]	0.136 [3.47]
R	0.248 [6.3]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
S	0.080 [2.03]	0.040 [1.02]	0.040 [1.02]
V	0.114 [2.9]	0.040 [1.02]	0.040 [1.02]
X, Y, Z	0.114 [2.9]	0.065 [1.65]	0.122 [3.1]
14002			
B	0.120 [3.0]	0.059 [1.5]	0.059 [1.5]
C	0.136 [3.5]	0.090 [2.3]	0.120 [3.1]
D	0.180 [4.6]	0.090 [2.3]	0.136 [3.47]
R	0.248 [6.3]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
T96			
R	0.248 [6.3]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
597D - T97 - T98 - 13008			
D, E, V	0.196 [4.9]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
F, R, Z	0.260 [6.6]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]
M, H, N	0.284 [7.2]	0.090 [2.3]	0.140 [3.6]



RECOMMENDED REFLOW PROFILES

Capacitors should withstand reflow profile as per J-STD-020 standard, three cycles.



PROFILE FEATURE	SnPb EUTECTIC ASSEMBLY	LEAD (Pb)-FREE ASSEMBLY
Preheat / soak		
Temperature min. ($T_{s \text{ min.}}$)	100 °C	150 °C
Temperature max. ($T_{s \text{ max.}}$)	150 °C	200 °C
Time (t_s) from ($T_{s \text{ min.}}$ to $T_{s \text{ max.}}$)	60 s to 120 s	60 s to 120 s
Ramp-up		
Ramp-up rate (T_L to T_p)	3 °C/s max.	3 °C/s max.
Liquidus temperature (T_L)	183 °C	217 °C
Time (t_L) maintained above T_L	60 s to 150 s	60 s to 150 s
Peak package body temperature (T_p)	Depends on type and case – see table below	
Time (t_p)* within 5 °C of the specified classification temperature (T_C)	20 s	30 s
Ramp-down		
Ramp-down rate (T_p to T_L)	6 °C/s max.	6 °C/s max.
Time 25 °C to peak temperature	6 min max.	8 min max.

PEAK PACKAGE BODY TEMPERATURE (T_p)

TYPE / CASE CODE	PEAK PACKAGE BODY TEMPERATURE (T_p)	
	SnPb EUTECTIC PROCESS	LEAD (Pb)-FREE PROCESS
591D / 592D - all cases, except X25H, M and R cases	235 °C	260 °C
591D / 592D - X25H, M and R cases	220 °C	250 °C
594D / 595D - all cases except C, D, and R	235 °C	260 °C
594D / 595D - C, D, and R case	220 °C	250 °C
T95 A, B, S, V, X, Y cases	235 °C	260 °C
T95 C, D, R, and Z cases	220 °C	250 °C
14002 B case	235 °C	n/a
14002 C, D, and R cases	220 °C	n/a
T96 R case	220 °C	250 °C
195D all cases, except G, H, R, and Z	235 °C	260 °C
195D G, H, R, and Z cases	220 °C	250 °C
695D all cases, except G and H cases	235 °C	260 °C
695D G, H cases	220 °C	250 °C
597D, T97, T98 all cases, except V case	220 °C	250 °C
597D, T97, T98 V case	235 °C	260 °C
194D all cases, except H and G cases	235 °C	260 °C
194D H and G cases	220 °C	250 °C



GUIDE TO APPLICATION

- AC Ripple Current:** the maximum allowable ripple current shall be determined from the formula:

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R_{ESR}}}$$

where,

P = power dissipation in W at +25 °C as given in the tables in the product datasheets (Power Dissipation).

R_{ESR} = the capacitor equivalent series resistance at the specified frequency

- AC Ripple Voltage:** the maximum allowable ripple voltage shall be determined from the formula:

$$V_{RMS} = I_{RMS} \times Z$$

or, from the formula:

$$V_{RMS} = Z \sqrt{\frac{P}{R_{ESR}}}$$

where,

P = power dissipation in W at +25 °C as given in the tables in the product datasheets (Power Dissipation).

R_{ESR} = the capacitor equivalent series resistance at the specified frequency

Z = the capacitor impedance at the specified frequency

- The sum of the peak AC voltage plus the applied DC voltage shall not exceed the DC voltage rating of the capacitor.
 - The sum of the negative peak AC voltage plus the applied DC voltage shall not allow a voltage reversal exceeding 10 % of the DC working voltage at +25 °C.
- Reverse Voltage:** solid tantalum capacitors are not intended for use with reverse voltage applied. However, they have been shown to be capable of withstanding momentary reverse voltage peaks of up to 10 % of the DC rating at 25 °C and 5 % of the DC rating at +85 °C.
- Temperature Derating:** if these capacitors are to be operated at temperatures above +25 °C, the permissible RMS ripple current shall be calculated using the derating factors as shown:

TEMPERATURE	DERATING FACTOR
+25 °C	1.0
+85 °C	0.9
+125 °C	0.4

- Power Dissipation:** power dissipation will be affected by the heat sinking capability of the mounting surface. Non-sinusoidal ripple current may produce heating effects which differ from those shown. It is important that the equivalent I_{RMS} value be established when calculating permissible operating levels. (Power dissipation calculated using derating factor (see paragraph 4)).

- Attachment:**

- Soldering:** capacitors can be attached by conventional soldering techniques: vapor phase, convection reflow, infrared reflow, and hot plate methods. The soldering profile charts show recommended time / temperature conditions for soldering. Preheating is recommended. The recommended maximum ramp rate is 3 °C per second. Attachment with a soldering iron is not recommended due to the difficulty of controlling temperature and time at temperature. The soldering iron must never come in contact with the capacitor. For details see www.vishay.com/doc?40214.

- Recommended Mounting Pad Geometries:** the nib must have sufficient clearance to avoid electrical contact with other components. The width dimension indicated is the same as the maximum width of the capacitor. This is to minimize lateral movement.

- Cleaning (Flux Removal) After Soldering:** TANTAMOUNT™ capacitors are compatible with all commonly used solvents such as TES, TMS, Prelete, Chlorethane, Terpene and aqueous cleaning media. However, CFC / ODS products are not used in the production of these devices and are not recommended. Solvents containing methylene chloride or other epoxy solvents should be avoided since these will attack the epoxy encapsulation material.

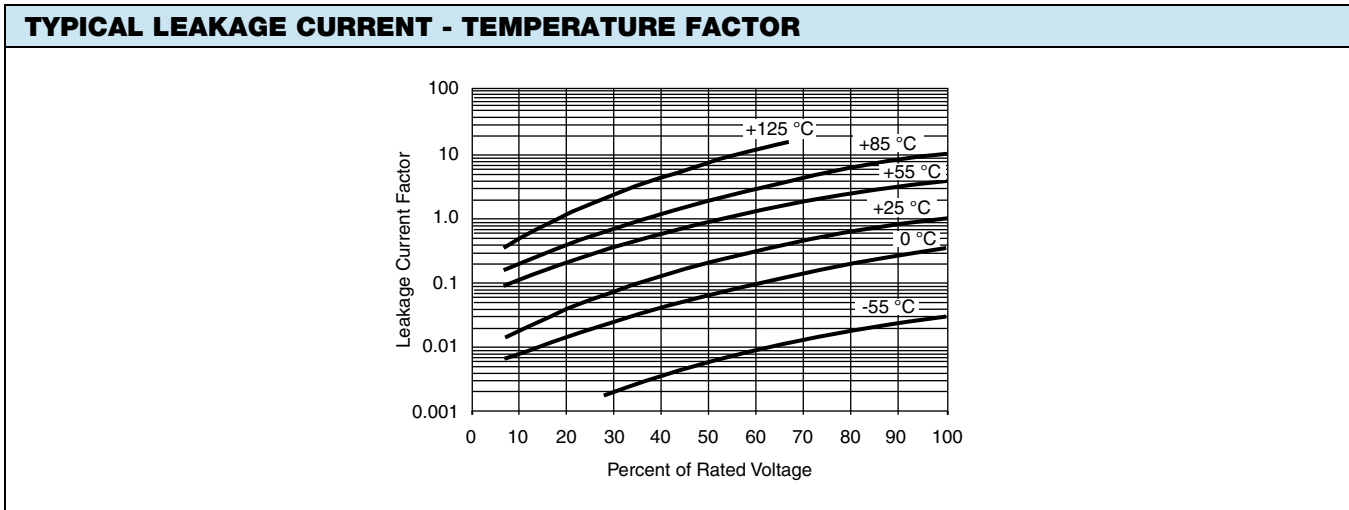


Solid Tantalum Chip Capacitors MIL-PRF-55365 Qualified and DLA Approved

ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS			
ITEM	PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS		
Category temperature range	-55 °C to +85 °C (to +125 °C with voltage derating)		
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %, ± 10 %, tested via bridge method, at 25 °C, 120 Hz		
Dissipation factor	Limit per Standard Ratings table. Tested via bridge method, at 25 °C, 120 Hz		
ESR	Limit per Standard Ratings table. Tested via bridge method, at 25 °C, 100 kHz		
Leakage current	After application of rated voltage applied to capacitors for 5 min using a steady source of power with 1 kΩ resistor in series with the capacitor under test, leakage current at 25 °C is not more than described in Standard Ratings table of appropriate datasheet. <i>Note that the leakage current varies with temperature and applied voltage. See graph below for the appropriate adjustment factor.</i>		
Reverse voltage	Capacitors are capable of withstanding peak voltages in the reverse direction equal to: 10 % of the DC rating at +25 °C 5 % of the DC rating at +85 °C 1 % of the DC rating at +125 °C Vishay does not recommend intentional or repetitive application of reverse voltage.		
Ripple current	For maximum ripple current values calculation (at 25 °C) refer to "Guide to Application" part of product guide which is linked with relevant datasheet. If capacitors are to be used at temperatures above +25 °C, the permissible ripple current (or voltage) shall be calculated using the derating factors: 1.0 at +25 °C 0.9 at +85 °C 0.4 at +125 °C		
Maximum operating and surge voltages vs. temperature	+85 °C		+125 °C
	RATED VOLTAGE (V)	SURGE VOLTAGE (V)	CATEGORY VOLTAGE (V)
	4.0	5.3	2.7
	6.3	8.0	4.0
	10	13.3	6.7
	15 / 16	20	10
	20	26.7	13.3
	25	33.3	16.7
	35	46.7	23.3
Recommended voltage derating guidelines (below 85 °C)	VOLTAGE RAIL (V)		CAPACITOR VOLTAGE RATING (V)
	≤ 3.3		6.3
	5		10
	10		20
	12		25
	15		35
	24		50 or series configuration

Notes

- All information presented in this document reflects typical performance characteristics
- For more information about recommended voltage derating see: www.vishay.com/doc?40246



Notes

- At +25 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed the value listed in the Standard Ratings table
- At +85 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed 10 times the value listed in the Standard Ratings table
- At +125 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed 12 times the value listed in the Standard Ratings table

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS																
ITEM	CONDITION	POST TEST PERFORMANCE														
Moisture resistance	MIL-STD-202, method 106, 20 cycles	Capacitance change Within ± 15 % of initial value Dissipation factor Shall not exceed 150 % of initial limit Leakage current Shall not exceed 200 % of initial limit Visual examination: there shall be no evidence of harmful corrosion, mechanical damage, or obliteration of marking (if applicable)														
Stability at low and high temperatures	MIL-PRF-55365 <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Test Temperature (°C)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>+25 ± 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-55 + 0 / - 6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>+25 ± 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>+85 + 4 / - 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>+125 + 4 / - 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>+25 ± 3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	Test Temperature (°C)	1	+25 ± 3	2	-55 + 0 / - 6	3	+25 ± 3	4	+85 + 4 / - 0	5	+125 + 4 / - 0	6	+25 ± 3	Delta cap limit at -55 °C is ± 10 % (20 % for CWR15) of initial value Delta cap limit at 85 °C is ± 10 % (15 % for CWR15) of initial value Delta cap limit at 125 °C is ± 15 % (20 % for CWR15) of initial value Delta cap at step 3 and final step 25 °C is ± 5 % (10 % for CWR15) of initial value DCL at 85 °C: 10 x initial specified value DCL at 125 °C: 12 x initial specified value DCL at 25 °C: initial specified value at rated voltage DF change: refer to performance specification sheet for applicable capacitor style
Step	Test Temperature (°C)															
1	+25 ± 3															
2	-55 + 0 / - 6															
3	+25 ± 3															
4	+85 + 4 / - 0															
5	+125 + 4 / - 0															
6	+25 ± 3															
Surge voltage	MIL-PRF-55365 1000 successive test cycles at 85 °C of applicable surge voltage (as specified in the table above), in series with a 33 Ω resistor at the rate of 30 s ON, 30 s OFF	Capacitance change Within ± 5 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit														
Life test at +85 °C	MIL-STD-202, method 108 2000 h application of rated voltage at 85 °C	Capacitance change Within ± 5 % (10 % for CWR15) of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Shall not exceed 200 % of initial limit There shall be no evidence of harmful corrosion or obliteration of marking (if applicable), mechanical damage, intermittent shorts, or permanent shorts or opens														
Life test at +125 °C	MIL-STD-202, method 108 2000 h application 2/3 of rated voltage at 125 °C	Capacitance change Within ± 5 % (10 % for CWR15) of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Shall not exceed 200 % of initial limit There shall be no evidence of harmful corrosion or obliteration of marking (if applicable), mechanical damage, intermittent shorts, or permanent shorts or opens														



MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS		
ITEM	CONDITION	POST TEST PERFORMANCE
Vibration	MIL-STD-202, method 204, condition D, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz, 20 g peak, in 2 directions, 4 hours in each, at rated voltage	Measurements during vibration: During the last cycle of each plane, electrical measurements shall be made to determine the intermittent open or short circuits. Intermittent contact and arcing shall also be determined. Measurements after vibration: not applicable Visual examination after test: there shall be no evidence of mechanical damage
Thermal shock (mounted)	MIL-STD-202, method 107 -65 °C / +125 °C, for 10 cycles, 30 min at each temperature	Capacitance change Within ± 5 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit Visual examination: there shall be no evidence of harmful corrosion, mechanical damage, or obliteration of marking (if applicable)
Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD-202, method 210, condition J (convection reflow, 235 °C ± 5 °C), one heat cycle	Capacitance change Within ± 5 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit Visual examination: there shall be no evidence of mechanical damage
Solderability	MIL-STD-202, method 208, ANSI/J-STD-002, test B (dip- and look, 245 °C ± 5 °C). Preconditioning per category C (steam aging, 8 hours). Does not apply to gold terminations.	Solder coating of all capacitors shall meet specified requirements. There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning.
Resistance to solvents	MIL-STD-202, method 215	There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning. Body marking shall remain legible and shall not smear.
Flammability	Encapsulation materials meet UL 94 V-0 with an oxygen index of 32 %	



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